



11) Publication number:

0 512 174 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

21 Application number: 91304399.8

(5) Int. Cl.5: H04L 29/06

2 Date of filing: 16.05.91

3 Priority: 08.05.91 US 697006

Date of publication of application:
 11.11.92 Bulletin 92/46

Designated Contracting States:
 AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE

Applicant: SEMAPHORE, INC.
 400 Bryn Mawr Avenue
 Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania 19010(US)

(2) Inventor: Haskin, Marvin E. 400 Bryn Mawr Avenue Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania 19010(US)

Representative: Boydell, John Christopher et al
Stevens, Hewlett & Perkins 1 Serjeants' Inn
Fleet Street
London EC4Y 1LL(GB)

Parallel rule-based data transmission method and apparatus.

A parallel rule-based data transmission method and apparatus is described comprising multiple computer ports, moderns, and multiple data transmission channels. The invention incorporates hardware and software data compression, automatic line selection and port allocation, data file segmentation and reassembly and simultaneous data transmission over multiple communications channels and their associated moderns or ISDN interfaces. The invention allows a true multi-tasking environment to exist over inexpensive data communication channels thereby increasing the speed of data transmission as well as decreasing the cost associated with such transmission.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to data transmission systems and more specifically to a multiple telephone line/multiple modem rule based parallel data transmission systems.

The novelty of the invention lies in the integration of existing devices, products and networks along with software and firmware which makes the process of data transmission much more efficient, less costly and less time consuming. By utilizing low cost dial-up telephone lines and data compression techniques inherent in the hardware and software, in concert with rule-based file distribution and segmentation techniques, the cost of each data character transmitted and received is significantly reduced. Furthermore, the speed at which data is transferred is increased by an order of magnitude over that normally available for dial-up service.

In effect, the economic viability of leased line or other dedicated data circuits is greatly diminished while increasing the economic viability of other low cost data communications channels such as dial-up telephone circuits as a cost effective alternative.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15

30

Multi channel data transfer has been described in patents issued to Giorgio (Patent No. 4,862,456 and Patent No. 4,864,567) and to Nash (Patent No. 4,577,312). However, these patents either use a central office switch or similar system to obtain simultaneous transmission which requires additional equipment and expense or do not comprise compression of data or multi tasking capabilities thereby limiting the over all throughput of data. Further none of these systems use a rule-based approach to the file management associated with transmission of large amounts of data.

In contrast, the present invention does not suffer from any of these restrictions. The present invention does not require any additional equipment beyond a normal computer with communication channels and modems. Further the present invention employs compression algorithms to further speed the transmission of data and executes in a multi-tasking environment to give further throughput of information. These factors, together with the use of a rule-based system of file management and channel selection renders the current invention extremely fast and easy to use, with a minimum of operator interaction.

Data files are read from the directory of a computer and analyzed as to their data content, format and category (i.e. binary, ASCII text, image format, etc.). Individual files or parts of individual files are then directed to any number of attached modems and their respective dial-up circuits. Data files are received at the remote end, and if segmented, re-appended (reconstructed) and stored on the remote end disk system component of a computer which is also equipped with multiple modems and multiple dial-up circuits. Individual line speeds exceed 60kbps (6,000 characters per second) while aggregate baud rates (data throughput rates) are only limited by the number of lines and modems available for transmission.

In the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) embodiment, utilizing 64KBps or faster channels, individual data rates exceed 300KBPS while aggregate data throughput is only limited by the number of ISDN circuits (and associated ISDN interfaces) available at both ends of the transmission system.

The system utilizes a novel file naming convention which enables the computer hardware and software to optimize data compression and/or file segmentation in order to achieve maximum data throughout. Destination address (telephone number) data are automatically computed based upon unique data file suffix interpretation.

A user friendly software front-end system is provided to automatically configure the system to the individual requirements of the user.

Data throughput rates are achieved which were hitherto only accomplished utilizing expensive leased data circuits operating at data rates of from 4800 to 56KBPS or higher or other non-switched dedicated services. The system also facilitates switching of data which is not normally possible when leased lines (i.e., point to point) are utilized.

It is therefore an objective of the present invention to employ an expert system/rule-based approach to data transmission to minimize operator interaction in such data transmission, yet maximize the speed of transmission of data files of any type.

It is another objective of the present invention to provide a cost effective system of data transmission that is similar in performance to more expensive leased lines or dedicated higher capacity data transmission lines but which relies upon the use of low-cost communications channels such as dial-up service.

It is another objective of the present invention to further reduce communications costs by conducting as much file related manipulation as possible off line.

It is yet another objective of the present invention to provide a low cost replacement for more

sophisticated and expensive data transmission controllers such as the IBM 3725 or 3705, or similar communications front end systems.

Further it is an objective of the present invention to provide rapid data communication in both foreign and domestic ISDN standard environments.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5

10

15

35

45

The Parallel Rule-Based Data Transmission method and apparatus comprises several major components:

- A. Multiple computer systems equipped with communications ports to send and receive data,
- B. Multiple modems attached to multiple communications ports on each computer system.
- C. Multiple telephone company dial-up lines or other data transmission media attached to each computer (both sending and receiving units),
- D. Rule-based data communications software programs providing multi-tasking and multiprogramming capabilities to divide or segment files to facilitate simultaneous transmission and reception of data based upon the number of telephone lines or data transmission channels and modems utilized.

The computer system is a low cost conventional 80286, 386 or 486 based PC or other computer (such as those based on Motorola 68000 or other CPU) having the ability to run the rule-based software that is used for the data transmission management. It will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art that other computers capable of running rule-based systems which are not based on these same chips are still viable processors for the invention with only slight changes to the software disclosed. The computer further comprises multiple communication ports to facilitate the multi channel simultaneous transmission of data. Each computer system can transmit data to or receive data from any other computer system similarly equipped without regard to distance or individual line conditions. Provisions are made for ISDN compatibility through the automatic distribution of data files or their components to each ISDN B channel connected.

Multiple modems on a single computer are employed to serve as the outgoing telecommunication equipment for simultaneous transmission of segmented (where appropriate) data files. The modems also employ data compression/decompression means to further speed the parallel transmission of data, and to decompress incoming data "on-the-fly" thus further reducing communication time. The invention uses standard run length encoding or Huffman encoding as its data compression scheme for ASCII data and a standard commercially available data compression algorithm known as CommPressor available from Adaptive computer Technologies, Santa Clara, CA. Data are compressed via hardware and software techniques to levels up to or in excess of 6:1 thus elevating data transmission rates on standard telephone lines to in excess of 6,000 characters per second per line utilized. Thus through simultaneous use of multiple data channels the aggregate data transmission rate is only limited by the number of communications channels available.

Multiple dial-up lines are used as the basic transmission medium over which the present invention sends its data. These lines are much less expensive than dedicated leased lines thereby yielding a further financial advantage of users of the present invention. It is important to note however, and it will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art of telecommunications that other transmission media also exist for which the present invention is equally applicable. For example, radio frequency links, satellite data communication, laser communication, fiber optic links and others are all candidate transmission media for use with the present invention. Collectively, these are referred to as transmission media. The transmission channels refer to the transmission media together with the send and receive ports and modems.

The system incorporates several rule-based computer software programs which facilitate data file segmentation, data compression, and reconstruction, as well as error detection and correction and automatic transmission speed control responsive to the condition of each individual transmission channel. Further rules relating to Least Cost Routing are also employed to further minimize costs. In addition, software provides automatic dialing directories based upon a novel file naming convention, selective adaptive compression based upon data file contents and automatic retry if a line is dropped or intentionally interrupted. If one circuit is inordinately noisy, the invention senses the problem automatically, automatically reallocates the data to be transmitted to less noisy channels and all other communications channels will adjust to accept the increased load automatically until the noise level decreases. The communications software currently in use is the Relay Gold Communications software package available from Microcom, Inc. Other such communications packages can also be used as a substitute for Relay Gold.

Table lookup software programs are provided to automatically dial the correct destination telephone number or other equipment address to which data files will be transmitted based upon the naming conventions utilized in each file group to be transmitted. Each group of files may be associated with and

targeted for any number of individual telephone numbers or addresses thus providing multiple simultaneous transmission/reception circuits only limited by the number of lines, ports and modems/ISDN circuits available. Each destination site or equipment, as previously stated, has a computer(s) each with multiple modems with separate addresses or telephone numbers. These modems receive the parallel transmission of multiple files or segmented files simultaneously.

File segmentation is the process by which the present invention examines the number of transmission channels available, based upon the number of sending and receiving moderns available, and divides the file or files to be sent, more or less evenly among the available channels. Rules exist for the orderly segmentation of files as explained below. The actual segmentation occurs at points in the file where a division of that file naturally occurs (such as a carriage return entry). Alternatively to the extent that addresses on a network are designated in a specific pattern an algorithmic determination of the address can be substituted for the table look-up procedure.

All file segmentation (file division) and file reconstruction processes take place off-line, while the computers are not communicating, thus reducing "connect time" expense. For example, a file of 2,000,000 characters is automatically divided by the number of transmission channels available and each segment is directed to a different channel. Segment prefixes and suffixes are added to the file to denote how the segment relates to one another. At the destination, the data file segments are reassembled to recreate the individual file as it was originally input to the transmission equipment. Reassembly is the act of reading the file segment identifier information (segment prefixes and suffixes) appended to the segments and contained in a special file (known as MAP.DAT) file and using that information together with segment identification information to "piece" the file back together into its original form.

The present invention allows for data to be transmitted in a highly flexible way. Single files may be simultaneously transmitted to multiple locations. Alternatively multiple files may also be transmitted to single or multiple locations simultaneously. This multi-tasking occurs from a single copy of the software. There is no requirement for multiple copies of the software to be running for each transmission session. Data transmission sessions run from a single RAM resident copy of the program. This has the obvious advantage of preserving RAM space for other applications or to allow the transmission process to occur in a speedy tashion.

Once the system has been configured and files loaded, the rule-based software operates automatically to perform the necessary file management and segmentation functions. All such functions are performed without any need for operator intervention. After transmissions are complete, the system automatically terminates its data transmission session and readies itself for the next series of data transfers.

Transmission channel allocation optimization is accomplished by the software system via a series of rules which determine file segmentation. The segmentation is characteristically based on the number of files to be transmitted, their respective sizes and contents, their compression attributes, and the number of available communication equipment (modems) at both the transmission and destination locations. Optimization software then allocates the optimal number and type of files to each data transmission channel for subsequent transmission. If one or more of the destination ports is busy or otherwise inoperable, the system redistributes targeted data files automatically to the remaining operable channels (ports) for transmission on a first-in-first out (FIFO) basis. Further, the present invention automatically monitors the transmission channel itself to determine that the channel is operating properly and is not inordinately noisy. If the transmission channel malfunctions, the invention senses this failure, and the software reallocates the data file or segments to be sent to the transmission channels that are functioning properly.

The resident software also provides full reporting capability to the user including file(s) transmitted, destination(s), throughput achieved and associated error detection and correction statistics.

The present invention relies upon several novel file and file suffix naming and interpretation conventions in order to achieve full automation without user intervention. User file naming rules are integrated into a table lookup facility inherent in the software which determines file collating sequences when files are segmented and reassembled. The software sorts files by type, size and structure, looks up and determines, based upon three character (or more) file suffix (alphanumeric) destination telephone numbers or addresses for each group of files to be transmitted. This information is then passed to the operating system software and actual telephone numbers are then loaded into memory and passed to the modem(s) for off hook dialing.

The rule-based software then determines the sizes of files and counts number of files to be sent. If number of available ports exceeds number of files or there is only one file to be transmitted, file segmentation is invoked above a certain threshold size. File(s) are divided based upon number of complete transmission channels available and segments are marked for reassembly. File segments are then sub-labeled with new prefixes indicating their component serial level and prepared for transmission.

Data compression occurs based upon the type of data being sent (ASCII or binary). The type of data is determined by the system and the data compression peculiar to that type of data is applied by the modem and software as the data is transmitted (as discussed above). Similarly, the destination modem decompresses the data as it is received, first determining via a transmitted identifier, the type of data compression used.

At the destination, file segmentation detected via the presence of a special file known as a MAP.DAT file, segment serial numbers are sorted and files are reassembled subsequent to disk storage at which time file naming conventions are reinvoked. It is important to note that file segmentation and reassembly functions take place off line (on hook) so as to minimize telephone line connect time and its attendant expense.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

10

15

20

40

45

50

- Figure 2. The Preliminary Data Transmission Flow-Continued
- Figure 3. The Data Transmission and Monitoring Flow
- Figure 4. The Data Transmission and Monitoring Flow-Continued
- Figure 5. Data Receiving Flow
- Figure 6. Incoming Data file or File Segment Processing.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Figure 1, the transmission process is described.

The invention first ascertains the user identity and whether the user will be transmitting or receiving data [10]. If transmitting data, the invention assigns file names to the data to be sent including suffixes which uniquely identify the destination telephone numbers or addresses [11].

The invention next reads the data file presented for transmission. The file is configured for subsequent operations [12]. After configuration the Volume Table of Contents (VTOC) is read [13]. A directory is opened for the storage of the data file(s) to be transmitted [14] and the configured file is stored in the designated directory [15]. Simultaneously with the storage, the file parameters are determined (size etc.).

The files so stored are next scanned and formats are determined for the transmission of the files [16]. In addition, the suffixes to any files are interpreted to determine the destination of the file [16].

Based upon the files scanned and the interpretation of the suffixes, a table lookup file is addressed to determine the telephone number or address of the destination [18]. These telephone numbers are then loaded for the dial-up calls to be made subsequently by the multiple modems [33]. In preparation for the transmission of files, the data files are collated [17] and the total number of bytes to be transmitted are determined [19]. The optimal segmentation of the file for transmission is next calculated [20] (if appropriate) based upon certain segmentation rules. Finally, the file is segmented for subsequent transmission [21].

The file segmentation rules apply the following criteria:

- 1. If the number of available complete transmission channels (i.e. a transmission modem with corresponding receiving modem) exceeds the number of files to be sent, segment the files, provided that the files exceed a certain threshold. (In the case of the preferred embodiment the threshold is set at 2 KB. Other thresholds can also be set).
- 2. If the number of available complete transmission channels does not exceed the number files to be sent and the files are more or less equal (as further explained below) allocate the files evenly over the available transmission channels without segmentation.
- 3. If the number of available channels is equal to or less than the number of files but the file sizes are disproportionate to one another, then segment to achieve optimum throughput. "Disproportionate" size is determined by examining the Volume Table of Contents to determine the various file sizes. If the largest file is more than twice the size of the next largest file, the largest file will be segmented and allocated to more than one transmission channel.

The invention also incorporates a rule based subsystem to optimize the cost associated with data transfers based upon the types of communications channels available to the user and their respective relative costs per character transmitted. This function is invoked via a least cost routing table which takes into account:

- Time of day/day of week tariff charges and discounts.
- Distance sensitive (i.e. NPA/NXX/VH) tables which articulate the cost per minute of connection based upon the distance of the individual call or calls.

 Anticipated call duration (which is computed based upon total byte count divided by the number of connections available at both ends of the connection.) sensitivity.

The cost optimization algorithm predicts the lowest possible connection cost (i.e. selecting the least expensive lines for each respective communications session) based upon the types and categories of channels available to the user which might include:

- standard dial up telephone lines.
- PBX dial access trunks.

10

- Tie (dedicated circuit) lines.
- Flat cost per minute dial up lines.
- Microwave Central Office bypass circuits.
- Other Central Office bypass circuits.
- Volume discount dial up circuits.
- Time of day/day of week discount dial up circuits.

Any combination of these and other channels available to the user at both ends of the communication link can be used for purposes of these calculations.

Provision is made for the updating of all tariff tables in order to assure that current cost data is maintained and properly applied to each communications based file transfer.

Referring to Figure 3 the transmission process is further described. The invention next determines if binary files are present (vs ASCII files) [30]. If binary files are present, the invention invokes a binary data compression algorithm [31]. If binary files are not present an ASCII file compression algorithm is invoked [32]. Once the file segmentation is accomplished, the multiple modems of the invention are dialed [33] based upon the telephone numbers or channel addresses loaded from the lookup table [18].

The VTOC of the receiving computer is tested [34] to determine if appropriate space is available to receive all of the files about to be transmitted. If insufficient space is available the transmission session is terminated and an error message is displayed at the transmitting system. The files are subsequently transmitted over the multiple modems [35]. Transmission channel quality and status are continuously monitored during the course of transmission [35]. If line quality remains adequate transmission continues [37]. If line quality falls below minimum standards of signal-to-noise ratio the remaining untransmitted segments are reallocated to those transmission channels that are functioning properly [36] and transmitted on a FIFO basis. At the end of the transmission the system detects the end of transmission (ETX) [38] signal, and transmits a hang up tone and terminates the transmission over the various telephone lines [39]. At this point the invention is off-line. The invention next writes reports [40] that include segment size, transmission time; errors encountered and aggregate throughput and the system returns to the start point ready for the next transmission.

Referring to Figure 5, the receive and decompression function is described. The receiving system is first configured to accept files that will be transmitted to it [50]. A directory is opened to receive the incoming data [51] and the multiple modems are set and Data Terminal Ready (DTR) is established [52]. The answer mode is set on the modems and the system awaits the transmission of data [53]. When transmission begins the incoming ring is detected and the modems answer the incoming calls [54]. Based upon incoming information, the compression scheme of the incoming data is determined [55]. The data is decompressed [56] in accordance with the appropriate decompression algorithm.

Referring to Figure 6 the receive and decompression process is further described. After the data is decompressed the invention determines if file segmentation has occurred. This is accomplished by determining if segment file entitled MAP.DAT exists [57]. The MAP.DAT file is a file that comprises instructions for how a file has been segmented and is the primary input to the file reassembly subroutine to allow the segmented file to be reassembled. If the MAP.DAT file exists, the reassembly subroutine is called and loaded into RAM [59] together with the data from the MAP.DAT file. At the same time that segmentation is being detected, the decompressed data is stored for subsequent operations [58]. The invention next continuously monitors incoming data for the "end of transmission" (ETX) signal [60]. Once this signal is sensed, the system goes off-line [61] and processing continues. For those files that were segmented for data transmission, the invention reads the file collating information in the MAP.DAT file and reassembles the segments and stores them [58] into the original file format [62].

If the MAP.DAT file is not detected [57] the invention detects the end of transmission signal [60] and goes off line [61]. Non-segmented data can then be recalled from storage [58] for subsequent display [64] storage [63], printing [65] and/or report writing [66]. The system is thereafter returned to the starting point for receipt of the next data file.

An important aspect of the invention is the file naming convention mentioned above. A three (or more) character file suffix is utilized which is equivalent to the "target" destination address (i.e., telephone number)

to which the file is to be transmitted. Valid entries are any combination of alphanumerics (i.e., a-z, 000-999), which are then related to a table which specifies from one to any number of target telephone numbers to be utilized for file transfers.

File name identifiers (prefixes) are composed of eight or more alphanumeric characters which correspond to the individual user's internal file naming conventions. The latter forms the basis for the resulting file collating sequence. An example might be a series of image files for a medical diagnostic procedure where the first five characters are the x-ray number of the patient, followed by the image number where:

- R12345001 is the file name.
- R12345 is the x-ray number.
- 001 is the image number for that patient.

Thus, files conforming to this format would be directed as follows:

R12345001.xxx, R12345002.xxx, R12345003.xxx

All of the above file names contain the suffix xxx. The table entry identifies that suffix as telephone numbers 1-n and those numbers are loaded for subsequent dialing. Files are sorted by prefix and loaded for transmission and are received at the remote location in the collated order. In the event that the user requires file transfers between minicomputers and mainframes, the invention also provides terminal emulation capability for the IBM 3270 and 3101, the DEC VT100, 220 and 240 and Telex and TTY modes as well as other terminal emulations and transmission protocols.

While the embodiment just described may employ single byte (such as the 8250 chip) communications buffers another embodiment employs multiple byte communications buffering (such as the 16550AH FIFO interrupt driven buffer.) Yet another embodiment eliminates the serial port/UART (universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter) combination completely and substitutes the parallel computer port as the communications interface medium. The latter embodiment provides data transfers at rates exceeding four times that of a standard serial port modem connection.

While the source code to be executed may reside on the computer's disk drive for loading into its random access memory, it may also reside in EPROMS as an electronic disk. The latter embodiment provides greater speed of execution, enhanced security from tampering and greater ease of installation.

On the following pages, the software of the preferred embodiment is presented. It will be apparent from certain of the annotations that this software is adapted to a medical application, specifically that of transmitting image files between locations. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the present invention can be utilized to transmit all manner of data files and is not limited by the application presented. Thus it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that new applications for the invention may be devised without departure from the spirit and scope of the invention as claimed.

35

25

10

40

45

50

```
* SCRIPT: CONFIG. SCR
       * FUNCTION: Front-end interface to CONFIG.DAT
5
                 on error
                 clear
       * Subordinate phy's support on ?
                 global &HIER
                 if (&1 = HIER) then &HIER = Y
10
                 else &HIER = N
       * Get script application drive
                 &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)
       * Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
15
                 if (&substr(&APPLDR, &length(&APPLDR), 1) <> '\') then
       &APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"
                 &MESSAGE2 = "TAB-Next Field ENTER-Done F1-Phy/Tel Maint
       ESC-Abort
                     F10-Help"
                &MESSAGE1 = ""
20
                 &PATHSPEC = ""
       &SPEEDCHK = "50, 75, 110, 135, 150, 300, 450, 600, 1200, 1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400,"

&PORTCHK = "COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6, COM7, COM8,
       HOSTS, IBMSHARE, NONE, IRMA, IBM, FORTE, IBMLDFT, IBMSDFT, SPECIAL,
      NPCSHARE, NACSHARE, USER1, USER2, COM3PC, COM4PC, GATEWAY,"

&MODCHK = "T, CD, 9, H, S, HV, PC, AX, QX, MT, C, P, V, W,
X, R, B, BI, E, US, O, I, M, A, D, HC,"
25
                &FIRSTSUB = Y
       * If configuration file exists, then continue if exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then goto CONT1
30
       * Otherwise, init all vars in panel to blanks
                gosub INITBL 1
                goto CONT3
35
       -CONT1
       * Open configuration file
                open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
                &hrc = &RC
                if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file
       EAPPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
40
                then stop
       * loop to read all records
                &RECCNT = 0
                &ELEM = 1
                loop READREC *
45 ..
                  read file #1 &RECSTR
                                                       ;* read a record
                   if not found then goto CONT2 ;* if EOF then jump out
                   &RECCNT = &RECCNT + 1 ;* increment record counter
```

55

```
* If 1st record being processed, then assign to path-specification
                if (&RECCNT = 1) then &PATHSPEC = &trim(&RECSTR)
                then goto READREC
5
                argstring &RECSTR
                                        ;* break-out tokens
                parse "~" ...
                                        ;* use tilde as delimeter
      * Check for illegal # of tokens
     if (&N <> 6) then read line &Q1 "qIllegal # of tokens in record &ELEM - Record ignored. Press ENTER."
10
                                                           t
                                                                h
      &ENT&ELEM=""; &NUM&ELEM=""; &SPEED&ELEM=""; &PTYPE&ELEM=""; &MTYPE&EL
     EM=""; &NAME&ELEM=""
      * Otherwise, assign token from record to panel vars
                else &ENT&ELEM=&trim(&1)
15
                else &NUM&ELEM=&trim(&2)
                else &SPEED&ELEM=&trim(&3)
                else &PTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&4)
                else &MTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&5)
                else &NAME&ELEM=&trim(&6)
                &ELEM = &ELEM + 1
20
     -READREC
     -CONT2
      * Clear all remaining panel vars
              gosub INITBL &ELEM
25
              close #1
     -CONT3
              display panel CONFIG
      -CONT4
30
              display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
      (&RESPONSE <> F10) and (&RESPONSE <> F1)
              then smsg "qInvalid response ..." then goto CONT4
35
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then smsg "qModifications not saved
      ... Exiting to DOS.*
              then wait 3
              then stop
              if (&RESPONSE = F10) then gosub HELP1
40
              then goto CONT4
              if (&RESPONSE <> F1) then goto CONT56
      * Assumed tel maint ops
           - - gosub SAVEDATA F1
45
              &HRC = &rc
      * Errors in COMM SCREEN ?
              if (&HRC = 1) then goto CONT4
50
```

```
* If 1st time request for tel maint then init
              if (&.FLAG1 = &FLAG1) then &FLAG1 = Y
              then \&PG = 0
              then \&DPG = 1
              then smsg "qOne moment please ..."
  5
              then gosub READTEL
              smsg "q "
              &CURUPD = N
      -DISPAG
              display panel CONFIGTO.PNL
  10
      * Place cursor on particular field ?
              if (&CURUPD = Y) then display cursor &LASTFLD
      -CONT99
              &MESSAGE1 = **
              if (&HIER = Y) then &STUPP = "F2-Subordinate Physician's
  15
              else &STUFF = ""
               if (&PG = 0) then &MESSAGE1 = "TAB-Next Field
                                                               ENTER-Done
       PGDN-Next Page F1-Comm Maint"
              then &MESSAGE2 = "&STUFF ESC-Abort
                                                   F10-Help"
               if (&PG = 9) then &MESSAGE1 = "TAB-Next Field ENTER-Done
  20
       PGUP-Previous Page F1-Comm Maint"
               then &MESSAGE2 = "&STUFF ESC-Abort
                                                    F10-Help"
               if (&PG >= 1) and (&PG <= 8) then &MESSAGE1 = "TAB-Next
                ENTER-Done PGDN-Next Page PGUP-Previous Page*
      Field
               then &MESSAGE2 = "&STUFF F1-Comm Maint
                                                               ESC-Abort
  25
      F10-Help"
               display output
               display input &RESPONSE
      * Valid responses
       if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and (&RESPONSE <> F10) and (&RESPONSE <> F1) and (&RESPONSE <> F2) and
  30
       (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) and (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) and (&HIER = Y)
               then smsg "qInvalid response ..."
               then goto CONT99
               if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
       (&RESPONSE <> F10) and (&RESPONSE <> F1) and (&RESPONSE <> PGDN)
       and (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) and (&HIER = N)
               then smsg "qInvalid response ..."
               then goto CONT99
  40
       * Check for pages 1 and 10 for Page Up and Page Down limits
               if (&RESPONSE = PGUP) and (&PG = 0) then smsg "qNo more
       previous pages ..."
               then goto CONT99
               if (&RESPONSE = PGDN) and (&PG = 9) then smsg "qNo more
       pages available ..."
45
               then goto CONT99
               if (&RESPONSE <> F10) then goto CONT23
       * HELP ops.
```

10

50

display save

```
if (&HIER = Y) then display panel CONFIGHT
                 else display panel CONFIGHX
5
         -USERINP2
                 display input &RESPONSE
                 if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP2
                 display restore
                 goto CONT99
10
         -CONT23
         * ESCAPE ops.
                 if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then smsg "qModifications not saved
         ... Exiting to DOS."
                 then wait 3
                 then stop
15
         * F1 ops.; jump back to comm maint
         if (&RESPONSE = F1) then &MESSAGE2 = "TAB-Next Field ENTER-Done F1-Phy/Tel Maint ESC-Abort F10-Help"
                 then &MESSAGE1 = ""
20
                 then goto CONT3
         * F2 ops. (subordinate phy's)
                 \&CURUPD = N
                 if (\&RESPONSE = F2)
                 then gosub DOSUBORD
25
                 then &CURUPD = Y
                 then goto DISPAG
                 if (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) then goto CONT34
         * ENTER ops.
30
                 gosub SAVEDATA
                 &hrc = &RC
         * If any invalid data in comm maint screen, then show user
                 if (&hrc = 1) then goto CONT3
         -CONT34
35
         * For page up/down increment/decrement page counters
                 if (&RESPONSE = PGUP) then &PG = &PG - 1
                 then \&DPG = \&DPG - 1
                 then goto CONT99
                 if (&RESPONSE = PGDN) then &PG = &PG + 1
40
                 then \&DPG = \&DPG + 1
                 then goto CONT99
                 smsg mgInvalid response ..."
                 goto CONT99
         * TEL MAIN OPS
45
         * User pressed ENTER
         -CONT56
                 gosub SAVEDATA
                 &hrc = &RC
```

55

```
if (&hrc = 1) then goto CONT4
      * Subroutine to read TEL.DAT file into ram vars
      -READTEL
5
      * If TEL.DAT file doesn't exists, then initialize panel wars in 1st
      screen
               if not exists &APPLDR.TEL.DAT then gosub INITPG
               then return
               open &APPLDR.TEL.DAT as #1 for input
10
               &TELREC = 0
               loop TEL1 *
                 read file #1 &RECSTR
                 if not found then goto CONT78
                                                           ;* EOF ?
                 argstring &RECSTR
                 parse "~"
15
                 if (&N <> 2) then goto TEL1
                                                           ;* if not 2 tokens
      then invalid
                 &TELREC = &TELREC + 1
                 &P&TELREC = &1
                                                          ;* assign physician
                 &T&TELREC = &2
                                                            ; * assign tel. #
      -TEL1
20
      -CONT78
               close #1
               gosub INITPG
                                 ;* init unused fields to null
               return
      * Subroutine to init vars in panel
25
      -INITPG
      * NOTE: 57 phy's per screen X 10 screens
               &XCNT = 1
               loop DOINIT 570
      * If var is not initialized yet, then set to null if (&.P&XCNT = &P&XCNT) then &P&XCNT = *** if (&.T&XCNT = &T&XCNT) then &T&XCNT = ***
30
                 &XCNT = &XCNT + 1
      -DOINIT
               return
35
      * Subroutine to init vars in panel
      -INITBL
               &PARM1 = &1
               &CNT = &1
40
               loop INITA while (&CNT <= 8)
      &ENT&CNT=""; &NUM&CNT=""; &SPEED&CNT=""; &PTYPE&CNT=""; &MTYPE&CNT=""
      ; &NAME&CNT=""
                 &CNT = &CNT + 1
      -INITA
45
               return
      * Subroutine to save panel data
      -SAVEDATA
```

12

50

* Make sure receive path is valid &PATHSPEC = &trim(&PATHSPEC) if (&substr(&PATHSPEC, &length(&PATHSPEC), 1) <> '\') then &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC*.*" else &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC*.*" if (&fvalid(&HSPEC) = YES) then goto CONT5 smsg "qRECEIVE PATH invalid."

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

* Validate each entry -CONT5

return 1

&CNT = 1 loop VALIDATE 8 &ENT&CNT = &trim(&ENT&CNT)

display cursor 1

* If entry name is null, then get next record if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto INCR

* Validate port #

&NUM&CNT = &trim(&NUM&CNT)

if (&NUM&CNT > 0) and (&NUM&CNT < 16) then goto CONT6

if (&NUM&CNT = "ANY") or (&NUM&CNT = "SHR") then goto

CONT6

smsg "qInvalid PORT # for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 3)

return 1
-CONT6
* Validate modem speed

&SPEED&CNT = &trim(&SPEED&CNT)
if (&instr("&SPEEDCHK","&SPEED&CNT,") > 0) then goto

CONT7

smsg "qInvalid MODEM SPEED for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 4)
return 1

-CONT7
* Validate Port Type

&PTYPE&CNT = &trim(&PTYPE&CNT)

if (&instr("&PORTCHK","&PTYPE&CNT,") > 0) then goto CONT8

smsg "qInvalid PORT TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"

substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 5)

return 1

-CONT8

* Validate Modem Type

&MTYPE&CNT = &trim(&MTYPE&CNT)

if (&instr("&MODCHK","&MTYPE&CNT,") > 0) then goto CONT9

smsg "qInvalid MODEM TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"

substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 6)

return 1

```
-CONT9
      * Validate Modem Name/Class
                &NAME&CNT = &trim(&NAME&CNT)
                if ("&PTYPE&CNT" = "HOSTS") then goto CHECKHST
5
                else goto INCR
      * Since PORT TYPE is HOSTS, make sure MODEM NAME/CLASS has 3 tokens
      separted by
      * a blank
      -CHECKHST
10
                if (&NAME&CNT = "") then &FLAGNG = Y
                else &FLAGNG = N
                else argstring &NAME&CNT
                else parse " " ...
15
                if (&N <> 3) or (&FLAGNG = Y) then smsg "qInvalid format
     for MODEM NAME/CLASS for Entry Name &ENT&CNT*
                then substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 7)
                then return 1
      -CONT10
20
      -INCR
                &CNT = &CNT + 1
     -VALIDATE
              smsg "qUpdating configuration files ... one moment please"
25
      * If only validation required, then return
              if (&PARM1 = "F1") then return 0
      * All fields were valid. Write records to configuration file.
              open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for output
30
              &hrc = &RC
              if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file
     &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER.*
              then stop
              write file #1 "&PATHSPEC"
35
              \&CNT = 1
              loop WRITE1 8
      * If Entry Name is blank, then don't write this record
                if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto NEXTREC
                                   write
40
      "&ENT&CNT~&NUM&CNT~&SPEED&CNT~&PTYPE&CNT~&MTYPE&CNT~&NAME&CNT"
      -NEXTREC
                \&CNT = \&CNT + 1
      -WRITE1
              close #1
45 .
     * If tel # panel never accessed, then skip write if (&.Pl = &Pl) then goto DONE2
     * Sort physician/telephone arrays
              sortarray &P 570 ORDER &T
50
```

```
open &APPLDR.TEL.DAT as #1 for output
                 &CNT = 1
                 loop WRITE2 570
                   if (&trim(&P&CNT) = "") or (&trim(&T&CNT) = "") then goto
        INCR3
 5
                   write file #1 "&left(&trim(&P&CNT),3)~&trim(&T&CNT)"
        -INCR3
                   \&CNT = \&CNT + 1
        -WRITE2
                 close #1
        -DONE2
10
        * If subordinate phy screen never accessed, then skip write
                 if (&FIRSTSUB = Y) then goto DONE3
                 sortarray &M &HTOT
                 open &APPLDR.HIER.DAT as #1 for output
                 \&CNT = 1
15
                 loop WRITESUB &HTOT
                   if (&trim(&M&CNT) = "") then goto WRITESUB
                   write file #1 "&M&CNT"
        -WRITESUB &CNT = &CNT + 1
        -DONE3
                 smsg "qUpdate to configuration files complete..."
20
                 wait 2
                 stop
        * Help routine
        -HELPI
25
        * Make sure user's cursor is on an input field
        if (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "T") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1)
= "O") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "O")
                 then smsg "gwhen selecting help, make sure cursor is on an
        input field."
                 then return
30
                 &FLD = &substr(&SFIELD,2)
                                                    ;* get input field number
                 display save
                                                    ;* save video
        * Help for receive file
                 if (&FLD = 1) then display panel CONFIGH1
                 then goto USERINP
35
                 if ((\&PLD \setminus 6) = 0) then \&PLD = 5 else \&FLD = \&FLD \setminus 6 - 1
        * Help for entry name
                 if (&FLD = "1") then display panel CONFIGH2
40
                 then goto USERINP
        * Help for port number
                 if (&FLD = "2") then display panel CONFIGH3
                 then goto USERINP
 45
        * Help for modem speed
                 if (&FLD = "3") then display panel CONFIGH4
                 then goto USERINP
```

55

	* Help for port type if (&FLD <> "4") then goto CONT11
5	-CONT12 display panel CONFIGH5 -CONT13
10	<pre>display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore then return if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT13 display panel CONFIGH6</pre>
	-CONT14
15	<pre>display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore then return if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT14 goto CONT12</pre>
	* Help for modem type
20	-CONT11 if (&FLD <> "5") then goto CONT15 -CONT16
	display panel CONFIGH7 -CONT17
25	<pre>display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore then return if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT17</pre>
	display panel CONFIGH8
30	-CONT18 display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore then return if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT18
	goto CONT16
35	-CONT15 * Help for modem name or class if (&FLD <> "0") then goto USERINP
	-CONT19 display panel CONFIGH9
40	display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
	then return if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT20 display panel CONFIGHA
.45	-CONT21 display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore then return if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT21

```
goto CONT19
      * Wait until user presses escape
      -USERINP
              display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP
              else display restore
              else return
10
      * Subroutine for subordinate phy ops.
      * Make sure user's cursor is on an input field
              if (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "T") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1)
      = "0") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "0")
15
              then smsg "qwhen selecting F2, make sure cursor is on an
      input field."
              then return
      * Get index to array &P
              &FPOS = &substr(&SFIELD,2)/2
20
              &RPOS = &substr(&SFIELD,2)\2
              &LASTFLD = &substr(&SFIELD,2)
              &FPOS = &PG * 57 + &FPOS + &RPOS
      * Make sure physician specified in input field
if (&trim(&P&FPOS) = "") then smsg "qNo physician specified
25
      in input field."
              then return
      * If 1st time in subord. ops. then read HIER.DAT into RAM
              if (&FIRSTSUB = N) then goto CONT67
30
              &FIRSTSUB = N
                                        ;* set 1st time flag to NO
              &HTOT = 0
              if not exists &APPLDR.HIER.DAT then goto CONT67
              open &APPLDR.HIER.DAT as #1 for input
              loop READHIER *
                read file #1 &RECSTR
35
                if not found then goto OUT1
                &HTOT = &HTOT + 1
                &M&HTOT = &RECSTR
     -READHIER
      -OUT1
              close #1
      -CONT67

    Find match for current physician against master phy in HIER.DAT

              &HCNT = 1
              loop CHECKHR &HTOT
                if (&P&FPOS = &substr(&M&HCNT,1,3)) then goto CONT91
45
                &HCNT = &HCNT + 1
     -CHECKHR
```

50

* No match

&XXC = 1

```
&HCNT = END
                              ;* flag for new element in array &M
             goto CONT92
      -CONT91
      * Break out subordinate phy's into vars for panel
             argstring &M&HCNT
5
             parse "-" ...
     * If only master phy specified, then skip subordinate process
                             ;* start at 2nd parm
             if (\&N = 1) then \&XXC = 1; then goto CONT92
             loop DUMPSUB &calc(&N - 1)
10
               &XXC = &XC - 1
               &S&XXC = &&XC
                                              ; * assign sub phy
               &XC = &XC + 1
     -DUMPSUB
             &XXC = &XXC + 1
15
     -CONT92
     * Clear all unused panels fields
             loop CLEARALL while (&XXC <= 18)
               &S&XXC = ""
               &XXC = &XXC + 1
20
     -CLEARALL
             &MESSAGE3 = ""
             &MESSAGE4 = "TAB-Next Field F2-Phy/Tel Maint F10-Help"
             &MESSAGE5 = "&P&FPOS" ; * assign master phy to panel var
             display panel CONFIGT1.PNL overlay
     -CONT40
25
             display input &RESP
             if (&RESP <> F2) and (&RESP <> F10) then smsg "qinvalid
     response ..."
             then goto CONT40
     * Back to tel maint screen ?
30
             if (&RESP = F2) then gosub SAVESUB
             then return
             if (&RESP <> F10) then goto CONT40
     * HELP ops.
35
             display save
             display panel CONFIGHS
     -USERINP3
             display input &RESP
             if (&RESP <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP3
40
             display restore
             goto CONT40
     * Subroutine to save subordinate phy panel variables to a ram array
     -SAVESUB
45
     * Construct new string in HIER.DAT format
     * If flag to append to end of array &M, then increment array
     counter
     * NOTE: &HTOT represents # elements in array &M
50
```

18

```
if (&HCNT = END) then &HTOT = &HTOT + 1
                 then &INDEX = &HTOT
      * Otherwise use current index to array &M
5
                 else &INDEX = &HCNT
                 &XXC = 1
                 &M&INDEX = "&left(&trim(&P&PPOS),3,' ')~"
                                                                             ;* assign
      master phy
                loop CONS1 18

if (&trim(&S&XXC) = "") then goto INCR2
 &S&XXC = "&left(&trim(&S&XXC),3,' ')"
 &M&INDEX = "&M&INDEX..&S&XXC.-" ;* append subordinate
10
      phy
      -INCR2
15
                   & xxc = & xxc + 1
      -consi
                 return
20
25
30
```

35

40

45

50

55

```
* Script: DIAG.SCR
      * Function: Main driving script for Diagnostic PC
5
      * Globalize vars
               on error
      * Debug on ?
               if (&1 = "DEBUG") then define &DEBUG = "Y"
10
               then strace newlog
               else define &DEBUG = "N"
      * Subordinate phy's support on ?
               global &HIER
               if (\&1 = HIER) or (\&2 = HIER) then \&HIER = Y
15
               else &HIER = N
      * If sequence log file exists, then erase it if exists logseq then quiet erase logseq
      * Provide mechanism to allow user to abort via function key F10
20
               global &GETOUT
               \bar{\mathbf{a}}GETOUT = N
               on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y
               smsg "qInitialization in progress ... one moment please."
25
               global &APPLDR
                                                  ;* application drive
                                                 ;* # of avail. ports on PC
               global &NUMPORTS
               global &NUMTEL
                                                  ;* # of telephone #s
               global &NUMPHY
                                                 ;* # of physicians to call
30
       (PC's to call)
               global &RUNREL
               global &TOTMAST
                                                   ;* tot # of master phy!s
               global &ABORT
                                                  ;* editor abort flag
35
               &TOTFILES = 0
      * Get script application drive
               &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)
       * Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
40
               if (&substr(&APPLDR, &length(&APPLDR), 1) <> '\') then
      &APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"
       * Sort telephone # file (TEL.DAT) by physicians initials (MAJOR)
      to tel # (MINOR)

if not exists &APPLDR.TEL.DAT then clear
45
      then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.TEL.DAT does not exists. Application cannot continue. Press ENTER."
               then quiet stop all
               edit &APPLDR.TEL.DAT ex SORTTEL.EDS NODISPLAY
```

55

	" Kedu	ex READCONF
5	* Make	sure there are files needed to be transferred if not exists &OUTDIR.*.* then clear then smsg "qThere are no outstanding files in directory
	&OUTDIR	
	ENTER."	then read line &Q1 "qthat need to be transferred. Press
10		then quiet stop all
	* Make director	sure temp directory exists as subdirectory to outgoing ry quiet mkdir &OUTDIR.TEMP
15	* Check	if user pressed F10 to abort if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
	* Start	multiple sessions ex STARTSES &HRC = &retcode
20	* If any	y failures on sessions, then stop script and exit relay if (&HRC = 1) then quiet stop all
	* Check	<pre>if user pressed P10 to abort if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2</pre>
25		smsg "qSession start successful"
	* If no	subordinate phy's support if (&HIER = N) then goto CONT91
30	* Load r	master/subordinate phy's hierchical structure into ram and
		number of master phy's if exists &APPLDR.HIER.DAT then goto RDHIER
·	-CONT91	
35		&TOTMAST = 1 loop DOPHY &NUMPHY global &METOTMAST &METOTMAST = "ERPHY&TOTMAST.~"
	-DOPHY	&TOTMAST = &TOTMAST + 1
40		&TOTMAST = &NUMPHY goto CONT82
	-RDHIER	&TOTMAST = 1
		open &APPLDR.HIER.DAT as #1 for input loop DOMAST *
45		read file #1 &RECSTR
		if not found then goto CONT81 global &M&TOTMAST &M&TOTMAST = &RECSTR
	-DOMAST	&TOTMAST = &TOTMAST + 1

```
-CONT81
              close #1
              &TOTMAST = &TOTMAST - 1
5
      -CONT82
      * Sort files in outgoing directory by physician (MAJOR) to xray id
      (MINOR)
      * and load into ram array
              &ABORT = N
              edit tempx ex SORTLOAD.EDS NODISPLAY
10
              if (&ABORT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
              smsg "qBreaking out master files into sub-files ..."
      * Erase any files in temporary directory
              quiet erase &OUTDIR.TEMP\*.*
15
      * load into ram array
              open temp as #1 for input
                             ;* # records written to MAP.DAT
              \&HCMAP = 0
              open &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT as #4 for output
              loop LOADREC *
20
                read file #1 &RECSTR
                &RECSTR = &upper(&RECSTR)
      * If EOF, then done loading
                if not found then goto CONT1
25
      * Make sure there are 3 characters for extension
                if (&length(&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 10, 3))) <> 3) then
      goto LOADREC
      * Don't process any directories
                if (&substr(&RECSTR, 16, 5) = "<DIR>") then goto LOADREC
30
                &TOTFILES = &TOTFILES + 1
                                                       ;* increment file
      counter
      * Store filename
35
                 &FILE&TOTFILES
                                         "&trim(&substr(&RECSTR,
                                                                      1.
      8)).&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 10, 3))"
      * Store master physicians initials. For subordinate phy's
      operations, extract
      * position 13-15 of record (master phy.) and for no subordinate
40
      phy's, extract
      * position 10-12 (just extension of filename).
      *&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 10, 3)) *
else LPVmrmom====
                                                     &EXT&TOTFILES
                                             then
                else &EXT&TOTFILES = "&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 13, 3))"
45
      * Init status of xfer (O = Outstanding)
                define &STAT&TOTFILES = "O"
      * Split file into even bytes for each remote port
```

55

gosub SPLIT &FILE&TOTFILES

```
-LOADREC
    -CONT1
             close #1
5
             close #4
    * If no records written to MAP.DAT then erase it
            if (&HCMAP = 0) then quiet erase &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT
10
    * Erase temporary file
            quiet erase temp
    * Check if user pressed F10 to abort
           if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
15
    * Set completion flag for physicians with no files to be sent
            &z = 1
             loop CHECKFIN &NUMPHY
               \mathbf{e}\mathbf{\bar{Y}} = \mathbf{1}
               loop CHECKEXT &TOTFILES
20
    * Match on file extension with physician in master list ?
                 if (\&EXT\&Y = \&RPHY\&Z) then goto J99
                 &Y = &Y + 1
    -CHECKEXT
               &FIN&Z = "Y"
                                           ;* set completion flag for
25
    physician
    -J99
               &Z = &Z + 1
    -CHECKFIN
30
    * Get directory relay gold is running in
            global &RUNREL
             &RUNREL = &RDRIVE
                (&substr(&RUNREL,&length(&RUNREL),1) <> '\') then
    &RUNREL = "&RUNREL\"
35
    * Copy application online profile to relay's directory
             if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
    &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
            then copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
            else copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
40
            smsg "qDispatcher starting ..."
            &CNT = 1
             &HIGHPRI = 1
                                        ;* pointer to highest priority
    record
            loop INFIN *
45
    * Check if user pressed F10 to abort
            if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
    * debug line to shorten traces
50
              if (&DEBUG = Y) then wait 2
```

```
* If current record's file has already been sent or file is already
      * progress of being sent, then skip to next record
                if (&STAT&CNT = "S") or (&STAT&CNT = "Q") then goto
      CONT66
5
      * Get # of ports available on remote PC
                gosub NUMPORT
                &CURRNPT = &retcode ; * store # of ports remote PC has
10
      * Loop through ports on central PC
                \&CX = 1
                \&PCNT = 0
                                             ;* init # of ports used by
      physician (remote pc)
                &OFFAVAIL = ""
                                             ;* init 1st offline session
15
      available
                loop XFERCHK &NUMPORTS
     * If offline session available, then assign relative session #
if (&OFFAVAIL = "") and (&HSTAT&CX = "OFFLINE") then
&OFFAVAIL = &CX
20
      * If match on physician, then increment counter for # of ports this
     physician
      * is currently using if (&EXT&CNT = &SPHY&CX) then &PCNT = &PCNT + 1
                  then &CTEL&PCNT = &STEL&CX
                                                        ;* store tel. # in
25
      use
      * If match on physician and port status is online and idle and
      there is a file
      * outstanding
30
                  if (&EXT&CNT = &SPHY&CX) and (&HSTAT&CX = "ONLINE") and
      (&instr(OI, &STAT&CNT) > 0)
                  else goto CONT29
      * Make sure we have the next outstanding (sequential) file to send
      to this
35
      * physician
                  qosub CHKOUT "&EXT&CNT"
      * Update ptr to record
                  &cnt = &ycnt
40
      * Call subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update
      status's
      * (ie. &SPL and &STAT)
                  gosub ASSIGNFL &CX &CNT
      * If filename is null (no outstanding files), then get next record
45
                   if (&XFILE&CX = "") then goto CONT66
                  substitute define &.SPHY&CX = "&EXT&CNT"
                                                                  ; * assign
      physicans initials
50
```

substitute define &. IND&CX = &CNT ;* assign index to record define &HSTAT&CX = "ONXFER" ; * assign command gosub SHOWDISP "&fext(&FILE&CNT) " "&FILE&CNT" "ONXFER" "&CNT" "&XFILE&CX" 5 gosub SHOWALL goto CONT66 -CONT29 &CX = &CX + 110 -XFERCHK * If no offline session available, reset record ptr. back to beginning * of highest priority physician if (&OFFAVAIL = "") then &CNT = &HIGHPRI 15 then goto CONT67 * If # of ports in use on current remote is less than the total # of ports * available on remote, then get next available tel # for remote PC 20 if (&PCNT < &CURRNPT) then gosub GETNEXTN then &HRC = &retcode * Else, no more ports available for current physician else goto CONT66 25 * If no tel. # was found, then process next record if (&HRC = 0) then goto CONT66 * Since a # was found, make sure we have next outstanding (sequential) file to * send to this physician 30 gosub CHKOUT "&EXT&CNT" ;* get proper record ptr. for this physician &CNT = &YCNT;* reset original record ptr. to proper record ptr. 35 * Update status var for session * Call subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update status's * (ie. &SPL and &STAT) gosub ASSIGNFL &OFFAVAIL &CNT 40 * If filename is null (no outstanding files), then get next record if (&XFILE&OFFAVAIL = "") then goto CONT66 substitute define &.SPHY&OFFAVAIL = "&EXT&CNT" ;* assign . 45 phy. initials substitute define &.STEL&OFFAVAIL = &NEWNUM ;* assign tel. #

55

define &XREQ&OFFAVAIL = "CALL" ; * assign sub-command substitute define &. IND&OFFAVAIL = &CNT ; * assign index 5 to record define &HSTAT&OFFAVAIL = "OFFXFER" gosub SHOWDISP "&fext(&FILE&CNT)" "&FILE&CNT" "OFFXFER" "&CNT" "&XFILE&OFFAVAIL" gosub SHOWALL 10 -CONT66 &CNT = &CNT + 1;* increment record ptr. * If record ptr has reached last record, then reset ptr. to 1st 15 if (&CNT > &TOTFILES) then &CNT = 1 -CONT67 * If any online sessions are idle (no xfer in progress), check if all files 20 * were sent for this physician &CX = 1;* index for session counter loop -CHECKST &NUMPORTS * If session is not online and idle 25 if (&HSTAT&CX <> "ONLINE") then goto CONT69 * For sub-file ops., update &STAT var using &SPL array for verification &BG = 1loop CHECKFL2 &TOTFILES 30 gosub CHECKFL &BG &BG = &BG + 1-CHECKFL2 * Since session is online and idle, check if all files were sent for this 35 * physician gosub CHKOUT "&SPHY&CX" &HRC = &retcode * If no outstanding files and no transfers for this physician if (&HRC = 0) then goto CONT74 40 * If physician has transfers in progress but none outstanding if (&HRC = 2) then define &XREQ&CX = "HANGUP"; * assign command to session then define &HSTAT&CX = "HANGUP" ;* update status var for session 45 then goto CONT69 * Implied outstanding files for this physician * Otherwise, send file

55

```
* Call subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update
    status's
    * (ie. &SPL and &STAT)
                gosub ASSIGNFL &CX &YCNT
5
    * If filename is null (no outstanding files), then get next record
                 if (&XFILE&CX = "") then goto CONT69
                 substitute define &.SPHY&CX = "&EXT&YCNT"
10
    assign phy. initials
                 substitute define &.IND&CX = &YCNT ;* assign index to
    record
                define &HSTAT&CX = "ONXFER"
                                                    ; * update status var
    for session
15
                 gosub
                        SHOWDISP
                                     "&fext(&FILE&YCNT)"
                                                            *&FILE&YCNT"
    "ONXFER" "&YCNT" "&XFILE&CX"
                gosub SHOWALL
                goto CONT69
    * Since no more files for this physician, hangup session
20
    -CONT74
                define &XREQ&CX = "HANGUP"
                                                       ; * assign command
    to session
                define &HSTAT&CX = "HANGUP"
                                                    ;* update status var
    for session
25
    * Update file xfer completion flag for this physician
    *temp line
                gosub UPDCOMPL &SPHY&CX
    * Check if all xfer's for all physicians is complete
30
                gosub STATDONE
                 &HRC = &retcode
                wait 2
    * If all xfers completed, then wrap it up if (&HRC = 0) then goto ALLDONE
35
    -CONT69
              \&CX = \&CX + 1
    -CHECKST
40
    -INFIN
    -ALLDONE
            clear
            gosub SHOWALL
45
            smsg "q "
            smsg "q File transfers complete"
            smsg "q "
50
```

```
smsg "q "
              smsg "q "
5
      * Erase any files in temporary directory
              quiet erase &OUTDIR.TEMP\*.*
      * If old online profile existed before application ran, then restore old profile
10
      * Otherwise erase online profile from relay's directory
              if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
      &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
              then quiet erase &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
15
              else &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
      * Cancel all sessions
      -ALLDONE2
20
              &KILLNUM = 2
                             ;* init 1st session # to kill
      * Loop session #2 to last session
              loop KILLSESS while (&KILLNUM <= &calc(&NUMPORTS + 1))
      * Request to kill session
25
                gosub cancel &KILLNUM
                &HRC = &retcode
      * If unable to cancel session, alert user
                if (&HRC>0)
      * smsg "WUnable to cancel session #&KILLNUM!"
30
                &KILLNUM = &KILLNUM + 1
      -KILLSESS
      * Produce summary file
              gosub SHOWALL FILE
35
      * Produce detail file
              gosub SHOWDET
             smsg "qFile transfer SUMMARY (by physician) in file
              smsg "qFile transfer in DETAIL (by file) in file LOGDET."
40
              smsg "qTransfer request SEQUENCE in file LOGSEQ."
              smsg "qApplication stopped ..."
              quiet stop all
                                    ;* thats it folks !!
45
      -CANCEL quiet session stop &1
               if (&RC>0) return &RC
              smsg ng n
```

55

```
smsg "QCancelling session #&1. Please Stand by."
               global &CANCEL
               &CANCEL = "NO"
               on timer 5 &CANCEL = "YES"
5
               loop -canwait while (&CANCEL="NO")
                    quiet session status &1
      -CANWAIT
                    if (&RC>0) goto -CANSTOP
      -CANSTOP on timer
10
               return 0
      -----
      * Subroutine to loop through # of ports per PC table
15
      -NUMPORT
              &XCNT = 1
             loop FINDPHY &NUMPHY
      * If match on initials, then return # of ports on remote PC
20
                if (&EXT&CNT = &RPHY&XCNT) then return &RPT&XCNT
                &XCNT = &XCNT + 1
      -FINDPHY
      * No match found
             return 0
25
      * Subroutine to get next available # for remote PC
      <del>|</del>
30
      -GETNEXTN
      * loop through tel. #'s
              &XCNT = 1
              loop GETNUM &NUMTEL
35
      * if no ports currently in use by this physician
                if (\&PCNT = 0)
                else goto CONT58
      * if match on physician, store 1st tel. #
                if (&EXT&CNT = &PHY&XCNT) then &NEWNUM = &TEL&XCNT
40
                then return 1
                goto CONT59
      * loop through # of ports physician's PC is currently using
      -CONT58
                \&CT = 1
45
                &NEWNUM = ""
                loop TRAV1 &PCNT
      * if match on physician and tel # is in use then get next tel#
50
```

```
if (&EXT&CNT = &PHY&XCNT) and (&TEL&XCNT = &CTEL&CT)
      then goto CONT59
         if match on physician and tel # is not in use, then store tel
5
                  if (&EXT&CNT = &PHY&XCNT) and (&TEL&XCNT <> &CTEL&CT)
      and (&NEWNUM = **) then &NEWNUM = &TEL&XCNT
                  \&CT = \&CT + 1
      -TRAV1
10
      * If a # was found physicians PC was not currently using, then set
      positive
      * return code
                if (&NEWNUM <> "") then return 1
      -CONT59
15
                &XCNT = &XCNT + 1
      -GETNUM
      * No available tel # for current physician
              &NEWNUM = ""
              return 0
20
      * Subroutine to check if current session for physician has any more
      * files that need to be sent
25
      -CHKOUT
              &CPARM = "&1" ;* store physicians initials
      * Loop through record array
30
              &YCNT = 1
                                      ;* set index to beginning of array
              loop PERFCHK &TOTFILES
      * If match on phy. then jump out
                if (&EXT&YCNT = &CPARM) then goto CONT60
35
                &YCNT = &YCNT + 1
                                             ;* set index to next record
     -PERFCHK
      * Since we have index to 1st record for physician (&YCNT), then
     check if
40
      * outstanding files exist
      -CONT60
      * Loop through records for physician
              &FLAGP = N
                                      ;* flag for in progress xfer's
45
              loop PERF1 &TOTFILES
     * If outstanding file to send and match on physician then return
      * (outstanding files to send)
50
```

```
if (&instr(OI, &STAT&YCNT) > 0) and (&EXT&YCNT = &CPARM)
     then return 1
     * If in progress xfer and match on physician, then set flag
              if (&STAT&YCNT = "Q") and (&EXT&YCNT = &CPARM) then
 5
               &YCNT = &YCNT + 1
     * If physician changed and physician had xfer's in progress
               if (&EXT&YCNT <> &CPARM) and (&FLAGP = Y) then return 2
 10
     * If physician changed and physician had no xfers in progress
               if (&EXT&YCNT <> &CPARM) and (&FLAGP = N) then return 0
 15
     -PERF1
             return 0
                            ;* catch-all for no outstanding file to
     send
20
     * Subroutine to update file transfer completion flag for a
     * (ie. all files were transferred for this physician)
     -UPDCOMPL
 25
     * Locate physician in array &FIN
             &ZCNT = 1
             &X1P = &1
                            ;* assign physicians initials
             loop LOCPHY &NUMPHY
 30
     * If physician match, then update status flag
if (&XIP = &RPHY&ZCNT) then &FIN&ZCNT = "Y"
               then return
                                 ;* return to caller
               \&ZCNT = \&ZCNT + 1
     -LOCPHY
             return
 35
     * Subroutine to check if all xfer's are completed for all
                40
     -STATDONE
            \&ZCNT = 1
     * loop through status array
             loop CHKDONE ENUMPHY
, 45
     * if a physician has files outstanding then return a 1
               if (&PIN&ZCNT = "N") then return 1
               &ZCNT = &ZCNT + 1
 50
```

* Subroutine to display transfer requests						
*Subroutine to display transfer requests						
-SHOWDISP clear						
-SHOWDISP clear						
Clear						
#PARM1 = &1 #PARM2 = &2 #PARM3 = &3 #PARM4 = &4 #PARM5 = &5 open logseq as #3 for append "q*	-SHOWDI	SP				
&PARM2 = &2 &PARM3 = &3 &PARM4 = &4 &PARM5 = &5 open logseq as \$3 for append "q**" write file \$3 "&date &time Transfer request for physic &PARM1" * Show sub-file if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then smsg "q&time Request physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" then write file \$3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" else write file \$3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PARM2 write file \$3 "Index to record: &PARM4" smg*						
&PARM3 = &3 &FPARM4 = &4 &FPARM5 = &5 open logseq as \$3 for append "q*						
&PARM4 = &4						
#PARM5 = &5 open logseq as #3 for append "q*						
open logseq as #3 for append "q*		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
write file #3 "&date &time Transfer request for physic &PARM1" * Show sub-file if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then smsg "q&time Request physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 session state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" * Else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PARM2" * write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" * "q*						
"q*		open rogoed as 43 for append	s	m	œ	
write file #3 "&date &time Transfer request for physic &PARM1" * Show sub-file						
* Show sub-file if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then smsg "q&time Request physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 session state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PAI write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" s m s "q*		**				
* Show sub-file if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then smsg "q&time Request physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 session state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PARM2 write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" s m s "q*		write file #3 "&date &time Transfe	r reques	t for	phys	ic
if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then smsg "q&time Request physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 session state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" EPARM2" else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PARM2 write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" s m s "q*	&PARM1"					
if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then smsg "q&time Request physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5" then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 session state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PARM2 write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" s m s "q*	* Show	cub-file				
physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5"	- 5110W		Nactina			
then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 session state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PAI write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	physici	an: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file:	LDADME!	. Ked	luear	
else smsg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 F: &PARM2" else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PAI write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" s m s "q*	P7	then write file #3 "File: &PARM2	Sub-fi	le: £	PARMS	
else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PAI write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" "q*	epecion					
else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PAI write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" "q*	CCCCTOIL	state: &PARM3"				•
write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4" "q*		state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for phy				
write file "the state of ile "		state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for phy	ysician:	&PAR	M1 :	Fi
write file "the state of ile "		state: &PARM3" else smsg "q&time Request for phy	ysician:	&PAR	M1 :	Fi
"d*		else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC	ysician: Session	&PAR	M1 :	Fi
write file "*		else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC	ysician: C session ARM4"	&PAR	M1 :	Fi AF
"** close #3 return ** * Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician ** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2"	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PO write file #3 "Index to record: &PA	ysician: Session ARM4" s	&PAR	M1 :	Fi AF
"** close #3 return ** * Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician ** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2"	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PA	ysician: Session ARM4" s	&PAR	M1 :	Fi AF
close #3 return ** * Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician ** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2"	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC """ """ "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	ysician: Session ARM4" S	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
return ** * Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician *****	&PARM2" "q*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC	ysician: Session ARM4" S	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
** * Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician ** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2" "q*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM3 PC write f	ysician: Session ARM4" S	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
* Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician ** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2" "q*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC close #3	ysician: Session ARM4" S	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
* Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician ** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2" "q*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC close #3	ysician: Session ARM4" S	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2" "q*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC	ysician: Session ARM4" S f i	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
** -SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2" "q* "*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PA close #3 return	ysician: Session ARM4" S f i	&PAR	M1) e: &P/ s	Fi AF
-SHOWALL * If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	&PARM2" "q* "*	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PA close #3 return	ysician: C session ARM4" S f i	&PAR	M1) e: &P/	Fi AF
* If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are writter	* * Subro	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC	ysician: C session ARM4" S f i	&PAR	M1) e: &P/	Fi AF
* If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are written	* * Subro	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC	ysician: C session ARM4" S f i	&PAR	M1) e: &P/	Fi AF
- 11 a paramier of 'file' is passed, then stats are written	* * Subro	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC	ysician: C session ARM4" S f i	&PAR	M1) e: &P/	Fi AF
1.4 W. W. 1.100	#q* * * Subro	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record:	ysician: C session ARM4" S f i	m l e	M1 ;	Pi
	* * Subro	else smsg "q&time Request for phy else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC write file #3 "Index to record:	ysician: C session ARM4" S f i	m l e	M1 ;	Pi

else &GPARM = N

```
if (&GPARM = Y) then open LOGSUM as #2 for output
             then write file #2 **----- DATE: &date TIME:
5
     &time --
             then write file #2 " "
             then write file #2 "
                                              Communication Status by
     Physician"
             then write file #2 "Phy
                                          Total Files
                                                           Sent
                                                                   In
     Progress Outstanding*
10
             else smsg "q
                                    Communication Status by Physician*
             else smsg "qPhy
                                  Total Files
                                                  Sent
                                                          In Progress
     Outstanding*
             &MCNT = 1
15
             &OLDPHY = "&fext(&FILE&MCNT)";&FCNT = 0;&FSCNT = 0;&FDCNT
     = 0; &FOCNT = 0
             loop GETST &TOTFILES
     * If physicians changed, then reset vars
               if (&fext(&FILE&MCNT) <> &OLDPHY) and (&GPARM = N)
20
                                       then
                                                         s m
     "q&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
     )&left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"
               if (&fext(&FILE&MCNT) <> &OLDPHY) and (&GPARM = Y)
     then write file # 2
"&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&PCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
25
     &left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"
               if (&fext(&FILE&MCNT) <> &OLDPHY)
               then &OLDPHY = &fext(&FILE&MCNT)
30
               then &FCNT = 0 ;* total files
               then &FSCNT = 0
                                    ;* files sent
               then &FDCNT = 0
                                    ;* files being sent
               then &FOCNT = 0
                                    ;* files outstanding
     * Increment accumulators
35
               &FCNT = &FCNT + 1
               if (&STAT&MCNT = "O") then &FOCNT = &FOCNT + 1
               else if (&STAT&MCNT = "I") or (&STAT&MCNT = "O") then
     &FDCNT = &FDCNT + 1
               else if (&STAT&MCNT = "S") then &FSCNT = &FSCNT + 1
               &MCNT = &MCNT + 1
40
     -GETST
                          ( & G P A R M
                                                               smsg
                                              N)
                                                     then
     "q&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3
     ) &left(,8) &left(&FDCNT,2) &left(,11) &left(&FOCNT,3) "
                        else
                                   write
                                                     file
     "&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
45
     &left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"
                        else write file
             else close #2
```

50

return

```
* Subroutine to display DETAIL report on xfer's by file
5
     -SHOWDET
            open LOGDET as #2 for output
            write file #2 "*----- DATE: &date TIME: &time
10
            write file #2 " "
            write file #2 "
                                      Communication Status by File*
            write file #2 "
                                                         Transfer
       File Time Transfer Byte"
15
            write file #2 "Phy Filename
                                              Status
                                                          Time
               Completed /Sec Port*
       Size
            EMCNT = 1
            loop GETST2 &TOTFILES
     * Map for display
20
              gosub DOBREAK
              &MCNT = &MCNT + 1
     -GETST2
            close #2
            return
25
     * Subroutine to breakout tokens for detail report
    -DOBREAK
30
     * No sub-files
            if (&.SPL1&MCNT = &SPL1&MCNT) then goto CONT99
    * Sub-files
    * Get # of subfiles
35
    &substr(&SPL1&MCNT, &calc(&instr(&SPL1&MCNT, ", ")-1),1)
            &UCNT = 1
            &TOTBYT = 0; &TOTFT = 0
            &OUTSTAND = N; &HLDXCOM = ""
40
    * Loop for # of sub-files
            loop GETSUB &BXD
              &HXD = &UCNT.&MCNT
              argstring &SPL&HXD
                                 ;* breakout filename, status
             parse "," ...
              &HFILE = &1
                                  ;* filename
45
              &HLDST = &2
                                  ;* file status (I/O/S)
    * Outstanding ?
              if (&HLDST <> S) then &STATUS = "Outstanding"
```

55

```
then &XTIME = ""; &XSIZE = ""; &XCOM = ""; &XBTSEC =
      ""; &XPORT = ""
                               then
                                            & R E C & U C N T
      "&left('',3)&left(,2)&left('(&HFILE)',12)&left(,2)&left(&STATUS,1
5
     1) &left(,1) &left(&XTIME,11) &left(,1) &right(&XSIZE,8) &left(,4) &lef
     t(&XCOM, 8) &left(,4) &right(&XBTSEC,5) &left(,2) &left(&XPORT,5) "
                then &OUTSTAND = Y
                then \&UCNT = \&UCNT + 1
                then goto GETSUB
10
      * Sent ?
                argstring &FTM&HXD
                                      :* breakout xfer info
                parse "~"
                \&XTIME = \&1; \&XSIZE = \&2; \&XCOM = \&3; \&XPORT = \&4
15
      * Accum. byte size
                if (&datatype(&XSIZE) = NUM) then &TOTBYT = &TOTBYT +
     &XSIZE
                &TOTFT = &TOTFT + &transl(&xtime,'.','')
                                                               ; * accum.
     ft time (seconds.hh)
20
      * If last sub-file, then store time xfer completed
                if (&BXD = &UCNT) then &HLDXCOM = &XCOM
     * Develop bytes/sec
                if (&XSIZE = 0) then &XBTSEC = "N/A"
                else &XBTSEC = &calc(&XSIZE*100/&transl(&XTIME,'.',''))
25
     * Develop xfer time
                if (&length(&XTIME)<=3) then &XTIME = "00:00:00&XTIME"
                                                  & X T I M E
30
                                  else
     "&hours(&substr(&xtime,1,&calc(&instr(&xtime,'.')-1))).&substr(&X
     TIME, &calc(&instr(&XTIME, '.')+1)) *
                &STATUS = "Sent"
                                     & R E C & U C N T
     "&left('',3)&left(,2)&left('(&HFILE)',12)&left(,2)&left(&STATUS,1
35
     1) &left(,1) &left(&XTIME,11) &left(,1) &right(&XSIZE,8) &left(,4) &lef
     t(&XCOM,8)&left(,4)&right(&XBTSEC,5)&left(,2)&left(&XPORT,5)"
               &UCNT = &UCNT + 1
     -GETSUB
      * Create master file line
40
     * Any outstanding sub-files ?
                      if
                            ( & O U T S T A N D
                                                   =
                                                        Y )
                                                                 then
     &XTIME=""; &XSIZE=&fsize(&OUTDIR.&FILE&MCNT); &XCOM=""; &STATUS="Out
     standing"; then &XBTSEC=""; then &XPORT=""
              then goto WRITE4
45
     * No outstanding sub-files
              &STATUS="Sent"; &XSIZE=&fsize(&OUTDIR.&FILE&MCNT)
              if (&HLDXCOM <> **) then &XCOM = &HLDXCOM
              else &XCOM = ""
              &XPORT="N/A"
50
```

```
* Develop bytes/sec
             if (&XSIZE = 0) then &XBTSEC = ^{m}N/A^{m}
             else &XBTSEC = &calc(&XSIZE*100/&transl(&TOTFT,'.',''))
      * Develop total xfer time
5
             if (&TOTFT<=2) then &TOTFT = ".&TOTFT"
                              e 1 s e
                                               & TOTFT
      &substr(&TOTFT,1,&calc(&length(&TOTFT)-2)).&substr(&TOTFT,&calc(&
      length(&TOTFT)-1),2)
             if (&length(&TOTFT) <= 3) then &XTIME = "00:00:00&TOTFT"
                                              & X T I M E
10
                              e l s e
      "&hours(&substr(&TOTFT,1,&calc(&instr(&TOTFT,'.')-1))).&substr(&T
     OTFT, &calc(&instr(&TOTFT, '.')+1))"
     -WRITE4
15
      * Write master file record
                              write
                                                  file
     "&left(&fext(&FILE&MCNT),3)&left(,2)&left(&FILE&MCNT,12)&left(,2)
     &left(&STATUS, 11) &left(,1) &left(&XTIME, 11) &left(,1) &right(&XSIZE,
     8) &left(,4) &left(&XCOM,8) &left(,4) &right(&XBTSEC,5) &left(,2) &left
20
      (&XPORT,5)"
     * Write all subfiles
             &UCNT = 1
             loop WRITESUB &BXD
               write file #2 "&REC&UCNT"
25
               &UCNT = &UCNT + 1
     -WRITESUB
             return
     * No sub-files
     -CONT99
30
     * Outstanding ?
             if (&STAT&MCNT <> "S") then &STATUS = "Outstanding"
             then &XTIME = ""; &XSIZE = ""; &XCOM = ""; &XBTSEC = ""; &XPORT
             then goto WRITE3
35
     * Sent
             argstring &FTIME&MCNT
             parse "-"
             &XTIME = &1; &XSIZE = &2; &XCOM = &3; &XPORT = &4
40
     * Develop bytes/sec
             if (\&XSIZE = 0) then \&XBTSEC = "N/A"
             else &XBTSEC = &calc(&XSIZE*100/&transl(&XTIME,'.',''))
     * Develop xfer time
45
             if (&length(&XTIME)<=3) then &XTIME = "00:00:00&XTIME"
                              e 1 s e
                                               & X T I M E
     "&hours(&substr(&xtime,1,&calc(&instr(&xtime,'.')-1))).&substr(&X
     TIME, &calc(&instr(&XTIME, '.')+1))"
```

50

```
&STATUS = "Sent"
      -WRITE3
     write file # 2
"&left(&fext(&FILE&MCNT),3)&left(,2)&left(&FILE&MCNT,12)&left(,2)
5
      &left(&STATUS, 11) &left(,1) &left(&XTIME, 11) &left(,1) &right(&XSIZE,
     8) &left(,4) &left(&XCOM,8) &left(,4) &right(&XBTSEC,5) &left(,2) &left
      (&XPORT,5)"
              return
10
      * Subroutine to split file into even bytes per remote port
     -SPLIT
              &FILE = &1
15
     * Get # of ports for remote PC
              &CNT = &TOTFILES
              gosub NUMPORT
              &HRC = &retcode
20
     * If Diagnostic PC has less ports than remote, then split file for
     # of ports
     * on diag
              if (&NUMPORTS < &HRC) then &SPLITNUM = &NUMPORTS
              else &SPLITNUM = &HRC
25
          Assign
                       MAP.DAT
                                      variable
                                                        (format
     12345123.001, FILE1.12, FILE1.22)
              &TEMPMAP = "&FILE"
     * If only 1 port available to transfer file
30
              if (&SPLITNUM = 1) then goto OUT1
     * Calc # bytes per file
              &HSIZE = &fsize(&OUTDIR.&FILE)
     * If file is less than 2K, then don't bother splitting up if (&HSIZE < 2048) then goto OUT1
     * SIZE OF FILE / # OF PORTS USABLE / 256
              &HRECS = &HSIZE/&SPLITNUM
              &hrecs = &hrecs/256
40
              \&SEQ = 1
              open &OUTDIR.&FILE as #3 for input stream binary
     * loop for # of chunks to split file into
              \&SPCNT = 1
45
              loop READSP &SPLITNUM
     * Init total xfer time, bytesize of file, xfer complete time, com
     port used
```

50

* Variable name conventions ==> &FTM<seq. # of file><index to filename> &HXD = &SEQ.&TOTFILES define &FTM&HXD = "" 5 * Append temp filename to variable followed by status of O (Outstanding) * Conventions &SPLnx where 'n' represents the seq # of the file and 'x' * represents the index to master file array 10 substi define & . SPL&HXD "FILE&TOTFILES..&SEQ.&SPLITNUM,O" * Append temp filename to MAP.DAT variable STEMPMAP = "STEMPMAP., FILESTOTFILES.. SEQ. SSPLITNUM" 15 open &OUTDIR.TEMP\FILE&TOTFILES..&SEQ.&SPLITNUM as #2 for output stream binary * loop for # records for each temp file -FRAC 20 loop DUMPREC &HRECS read file #3 &RECSTR length 256 if not found then goto DONEREAD write file #2 &RECSTR -DUMPREC 25 * If writing to last file and last record did not reach end of file, then * attempt to read next record if (&SPCNT = &SPLITNUM) and (&FOUND = YES) then goto FRAC &SPCNT = &SPCNT + 1 30 -DONEREAD close #2 &SEQ = &SEQ + 1-READSP 35 close #3 * Write to MAP.DAT write file #4 "&TEMPMAP" &HCMAP = &HCMAP + 1;* increment record counter for 40 MAP. DAT -OUT1 return 45 * Subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update status's * (ie. &SPL and &STAT) 50

```
-ASSIGNFL
                             ;* assign index for &XFILE (relative comm
             &PARM1 = &1
     #)
                             :* assign index for &STAT and &FILE (master
             &PARM2 = &2
     file)
     * Determine how many subfiles master file is broken up into (if
     * If var not initialized, then assume no sub-files were built for
     this file
10
     * and assign master filename
             if (&.SPL1&PARM2 =
                                    &SPL1&PARM2) then substi define
     &.XFILE&PARM1 = "&FILE&PARM2"
     * assign all files queued and none outstanding
             then define &STAT&PARM2 = "Q"
15
             then return
     * Since sub-files were found, determine next file to send (if any
     more) and
      * update status vars
             &INPROG = N
20
                                      ;* init index to 1st sub file
             \&UCNT = 1
      * Get total # of sub-files
     &substr(&SPL1&PARM2,&calc(&instr(&SPL1&PARM2,",")-1),1)
25
      * loop for # of sub-files
             loop CHECKSP &BXD
                &HXD = &UCNT. &PARM2
                argstring &SPL&HXD
                parse ","
30
      * If sub-file is outstanding then jump out
                if (\&2 = "O") then goto OUT5
      * If sub-file is in progress, then flag
                if (\&2 = "I") then &INPROG = Y
35
                &UCNT = &UCNT + 1
                                     ; * increment sub-file counter
      -CHECKSP
      * Assumed no outstanding sub-files for master file
      * Any in progress ?
              if (&INPROG = Y) then define &STAT&PARM2 = "Q"
40
      * Else flag for all subfiles sent
              else define &STAT&PARM2 = "S"
              define &XFILE&PARM1 = ""
                                               ;* assign null filename
              return
45
      * Assumed outstand. files to be sent
      -OUT5
      * Assign filename to send
              substi define &.XFILE&PARM1 = "&1"
```

55

```
substi define &.SPL&HXD = "&1.,I" ;* filename and in
      progress status
      * If there are still more sub-files outstanding and sub-file in
5
      progress
               if (&UCNT < &BXD) then define &STAT&PARM2 = "I"
      * Else no more sub-files outstanding and sub-file in progress
               else define &STAT&PARM2 = "Q"
               return
10
      * Subroutine update file status (&STAT) for sub-file ops.
15
      -CHECKFL
               &PARM1 = &1
                              ; * assign index for &STAT (master file)
      * If no sub-files, then return
               if (&.SPL1&PARM1 = &SPL1&PARM1) then return
20
      * Since sub-files were found, update status vars
              &INPROG = N
               \&UCNT = 1
                                       ;* init index to 1st sub file
      * Get total # of sub-files
25
      &substr(&SPL1&PARM1, &calc(&instr(&SPL1&PARM1, ", ")-1),1)
      * loop for # of sub-files
              loop CHECKSP2 &BXD
                &HXD = &UCNT.&PARM1
30
                argstring &SPL&HXD
                parse "," ...
     * If sub-file is outstanding or in progress then return
                if (&2 = "O") or (&2 = "I") then return
&UCNT = &UCNT + 1 ;* increment sub-file counter
35
      -CHECKSP2
      * Assumed no outstanding sub-files for master file
      * flag for all subfiles sent
      * If status var already set to S (sent) then return
               if (&STAT&PARM1 = "S") then return
              define &STAT&PARM1 = "S"
40
      * Update file xfer completion flag for this physician
      *temp line
              gosub UPDCOMPL &EXT&PARM1
45
      * Check if all xfer's for all physicians is complete
              gosub STATDONE
              &HRC = &retcode
              wait 2
50
                    * If all xfers completed, then wrap it up
                            return &HRC
55
                    ^Z
```

```
* SCRIPT: READCONF.SCR
     * FUNCTION: Read configuration and telephone files into RAM wars
             on error
5
             on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y
     * Read configuration file
             if not exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then clear
             then smsq "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT does not
                                                                 exists.
     Application cannot continue."
             then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
             then quiet stop all
     * Load records in configuration file into vars
             & NUMPORTS = 0
                                              ;* init # of valid ports
15
             open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
             if (&retcode <> 0) then clear
             then smsg "qProblem opening file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT.
     Application cannot continue."
             then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
             then quiet stop all
20
     * Read 1st record (outgoing directory)
             read file #1 &XOUTDIR
             if not found then clear
             then smsg "q1st record in file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT must be
     outgoing directory name."
then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
25
     ENTER."
             then quiet stop all
             &XOUTDIR = &trim(&XOUTDIR)
             if (&substr(&XOUTDIR, &length(&XOUTDIR),1) <> '\') then
     &XOUTDIR = "&XOUTDIR\"
30
             substitute define &.OUTDIR = &XOUTDIR
     * Loop until end of file
             loop READREC *
               read file #1 &RECSTR
                                              ;* read a record
35
               if not found then goto CONT1 ;* EOF?
               argstring &RECSTR
                                               ;* breakout tokens
                                               ;* parse using the tilde
               parse "~" ...
     * Make sure we have 6 parameters
40
               if (&N <> 6) then clear
then smsg *gInvalid
                                             of parameters
                                                               in
                                                                    line
     #&calc(&NUMPORTS +1) of file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT."
               then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
     ENTER."
               then quiet stop all
45
     * Increment port counter
               &NUMPORTS = &NUMPORTS + 1
     * Assign entry name
```

55

```
substitute define &.EN&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&1))"
       * Assign port #
                  global &PORT&NUMPORTS
5
                  &PORT&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&2)"
       * Assign modem speed
                  global &SPEED&NUMPORTS
                  &SPEED&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&3))"
10
       * Assign port type
                  global &PTYPE&NUMPORTS
                  &PTYPE&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&4))"
       * Assign modem type
                  global &MODEM&NUMPORTS
15
                  &MODEM&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&5))"
       * Assign modem name/class
                  global &MNAME&NUMPORTS
                  &MNAME&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&6))"
20
       * Make sure relay's setting match configuration file
                  quiet directory query &EN&NUMPORTS MSPEED &HSPEED TYPE
       &HTYPE COMPORT &HPORT
                  &HRC = &retcode
25
       * If entry name does not exist, then build it with appropriate
       options
                  if (&HRC = 2) then gosub BUILDENT
                  then goto CONT4
       * Make sure modem speed, comm port and type of connection are
30
       correct in Relay's
       * Directory of Computers
       if (&HSPEED <> &SPEED&NUMPORTS) &PORT&NUMPORTS) or (&HTYPE <> "TTY")
                                                                 (&HPORT
       then quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE TTY COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS
35
       -CONT4
       * Make sure port type, modem type and modem name/class are correct
       in Relay's
       * personal computer options
                  reset &HTYPE; reset &HMODEM; reset &HNAME
40
                  quiet directory qoption comport &PORT&NUMPORTS &HTYPE
       &HMODEM &HNAME
                  if ("&HTYPE" <> "&PTYPE&NUMPORTS") or ("&HMODEM" <>
       "&MODEM&NUMPORTS") or ("&HNAME"<> "&MNAME&NUMPORTS")
       then quiet directory soption comport &PORT&NUMPORTS &PTYPE&NUMPORTS &MODEM&NUMPORTS "&MNAME&NUMPORTS"
45
       -READREC
       -CONT1
                close #1
```

55

```
* Make sure central PC has at least 1 com port if (&NUMPORTS < 1) then clear
      then smsg "qThere must be at least 1 com port for application to run. Check file"
              then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Press ENTER."
              then quiet stop all
      * Read telephone/physician file
              if not exists &APPLDR.TEL.DAT then clear
              then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.TEL.DAT does not exists.
10
      Application cannot continue. Press ENTER.*
              then quiet stop all
      * Load records in telephone file into vars
                                                 ;* init # of valid ports
              &NUMTEL = 0
              open &APPLDR.TEL.DAT as #1 for input
15
              if (&retcode <> 0) then clear
              then smsg "qProblem opening file &APPLDR.TEL.DAT.
     Application cannot continue."
              then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
              then quiet stop all
20
      * Read all records
              &OLDPHY = ""
              &NUMPHY = 0
              &1STTIME = Y
              loop READTEL *
                                                ;* read a record
                read file #1 &RECSTR
25
                if not found then &NUMPHY = &NUMPHY + 1
                then global &RPT&NUMPHY
                then &RPT&NUMPHY = &PHYCNT
                                                             ;* store # of
      sessions phy. has
                then global &RPHY&NUMPHY
30
                then &RPHY&NUMPHY = &OLDPHY
                                                             ;* store phy.
      initials
                then global &FIN&NUMPHY
                then &FIN&NUMPHY = N
                                                           ; t. ft's complete
      flag for phy.
                then goto CONT2
                                                          ;* jump out
35
                argstring &RECSTR
                                                 ;* breakout tokens
                parse "~" ...
                                                 ;* parse using the tilde
      * Make sure we have 2 parameters
     if (&N <> 2) then clear
then smsg "qInvalid # of p
#&calc(&NUMTEL +1) of file &APPLDR.TEL.DAT."
40
                                              of parameters in
                then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
      ENTER."
                then quiet stop all
45
      * For 1st time through loop, store the physicians id
                if (&1STTIME = Y) then &OLDPHY = &upper(&1)
                then &1STTIME = N
                then &PHYCNT = 0
```

55

```
* If physician initial's has changed, then store # of sessions
       remote PC has
       * NOTE: array &RPHYn (physician's initials) and &RPTn (total # of
       sessions per
5
               remote PC) are built here
                  if (&upper(&1) <> &OLDPHY) then &NUMPHY = &NUMPHY + 1
                 then global &RPT&NUMPHY
                 then &RPT&NUMPHY = &PHYCNT
                                                             ;* store # of
       sessions phy. has
                 then global &RPHY&NUMPHY
10
                 then &RPHY&NUMPHY = &OLDPHY
                                                             ; * store phy.
       initials
                 then global &FIN&NUMPHY
                 then \&FIN\&NUMPHY = N
                                                          ;* ft's complete
       flag for phy.
                 then &PHYCNT = 0
                                                        ;* re-init session
15
       counter
                 then &OLDPHY = "&upper(&1)"
                                                             ; * assign phy
       initials
                 &NUMTEL = &NUMTEL + 1
                                               ;* increment record counter
                 &PHYCNT = &PHYCNT + 1
                                                     ;* increment session
20
       counter for remote
       * Assign physicians initials
                 global &PHY&NUMTEL
                 &PHY&NUMTEL = "&upper(&1)"
25
       * Assign telephone #
                 global &TEL&NUMTEL
                 &TEL&NUMTEL = "&2"
       -READTEL
       -CONT2
30
               close #1
       * Check for at least 1 record
              if (&NUMTEL < 1) then clear then smsg "qPile &APPLDR.TEL.DAT must contain at least 1
       record. Application cannot"
               then smsg "qcontinue. Press ENTER."
               then quiet stop all
       * Return control to calling script (normal termination)
40 ·
       * Subroutine to build an entry in the directory of computers
       -BUILDENT
       * Build entry name using entry name 'A HOST' as the model
               quiet directory add "&EN&NUMPORTS" "A HOST"
               &HRC = &retcode
45
       * Entry name 'A HOST' not found ?
               if (&HRC = 2) then clear
```

55

then smsg "qEntry Name 'A HOST' must be created on your copy of Relay Gold. To create"
then smsg "qa new Entry Name, enter the Directory of Computers and copy an entry of"
then read line &Ql "qTYPE 'TTY'. Then, name the new Entry Name 'A HOST'. Press ENTER."
then quiet stop all

* No room on disk?

if (&HRC = 3) then clear
then read line &Q1 "qNo room on disk to create new entry
name. Press ENTER."
then quiet stop all

* Update new entry name with proper modem speed, type, comments, quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE TTY COMMENTS "PORT \$&NUMPORTS FOR SCRIPT" COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS TELEPHONE ""

. * 45

	* SCRIPT: SESSOFF.SCR
	* FUNCTION: Performs calls, transfers, hangups etc. for each session on the
5	* central pc
	on error
10	<pre>* perform trace if debug on if (&DEBUG = Y) then strace LOG&SESSIONID on nomemory smsg "qOut of memory session # &SESSIONID</pre>
	global &ASYNCNUM &HSEQ
15	* Assign communications session number & ASYNCHUM = &1
	* Retrieve communication port # for this session directory query &EN&ASYNCNUM comport &HPORT
20	* Retrieve modem type for this session directory qoption comport &HPORT &DUMMY1 &MODEMNAM
	* If modem type is QX (Microcom), then set special modem variable to
	* submit 'AT' instruction to modem if (&upper(&MODEMNAM) = QX) then global &\$MICMD
25	* then &\$MICMD = "\N3\Q3\J0\c3"
	* For super duper QX/4232hs (latest & greatest) then &\$MICMD = "%CO%G1%BT12000"
30	<pre>* Initialize sessions variables define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFLINE"</pre>
	define &STEL&ASYNCNUM = ""
	define &XREQ&ASYNCNUM = "" define &XFILE&ASYNCNUM = ""
35	<pre>* Wait for driving session to request an xfer -WAITAG</pre>
	wait (&XREQ&ASYNCNUM <> "")
40	<pre>* If request for call, then proceed if (&XREQ&ASYNCNUM = "CALL") then goto DOCALL else goto WAITAG</pre>
40	-DOCALL
	&ATTEMPTS = 1
45	-DOCALL2 * Attempt to perform call. If successful execute online script
	SESSON. call "&EN&ASYNCNUM" &STEL&ASYNCNUM ex SESSON
	&HRC = &retcode
	* Error messages based on return code

```
* If line dropped before xfer completed, then send file again
              if (&HRC = 99) then &MESSG = "Inadvertent line drop before
      file transfer was completed."
5
              else if (&HRC = 0) then &MESSG = "Normal disconnect from
      PC*
              else if (&HRC = 2) then &MESSG = "Insufficient memory for
      the connection.
              else if (&HRC = 3) then &MESSG = "Communication port is not
      operational."
10
              else if (&HRC = 4) then &MESSG = *User pressed ESC while
      dialing, cancelling the call."
              else if (&HRC = 5) then &MESSG = "The modem is not
      responding properly."
            else if (&HRC = 6) then &MESSG = "No carrier detected on
      line."
15
              else if (&HRC = 7) then &MESSG = "The other computer is
     busy."
              else if (&HRC = 8) then &MESSG = "Voice detected on
      telephone line."
              else if (%HRC = 9) then &MESSG = "No dial tone on telephone
     line."
20
      else if (&HRC = 15) then &MESSG = '&EN&ASYNCNUM' not in the Directory of Computers."
                                                             "Entry Name
              else if (&HRC = 98) then &MESSG = "Problem with initial
     connection."
     * Successful file transfer (continue)
if (&HRC = 0) then goto CONT1
25
     * Check for fatal codes
              if (\&HRC = 2) or (\&HRC = 3) or (\&HRC = 4) or (\&HRC = 15)
30
              else goto CONT99
              &MESSG = "Fatal error for Entry Name &EN&ASYNCNUM - port
     unusable."
      * Set flag for file transfer back to OUTSTANDING
              define &STAT&IND&ASYNCNUM = "O"
35
              &XYZ = &IND&ASYNCNUM
     * If sub-file, then make sure to update status var &SPL
              if (&SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then
              &HSEQ = &substr(&fext(&XFILE&ASYNCNUM),1,1)
              &HSEQ = &HSEQ.&IND&ASYNCNUM
ΔN
              substi define &.SPL&HSEQ = "&XFILE&ASYNCNUM.O"
              goto CONT1
     -CONT99
     * Check for non-fatal codes (retry)
           * "&ATTEMPTS = &ATTEMPTS + 1
45
                                             ;* increment retry counter
     * Over max attempts ?
              if (&ATTEMPTS > 5) then &MESSG = "5 unsuccessful attempts
     for #&STEL&ASYNCHUM phy:&SPHY&ASYNCHUM Entry:&EN&ASYNCHUM"
50
```

	* Set flag for file transfer back to OUTSTANDING then define &STAT&IND&ASYNCNUM = "O" then goto CONT1
5	* Try again else goto DOCALL2
	* Proceed to wait for another instruction from driving session -CONT1
10	define &XREQ&ASYNCNUM = .** reset request command
	define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFLINE" ; * set session status to OFFLINE goto WAITAG
15	
	•
20	
20	
25	

```
* SCRIPT: SESSON.SCR
      * FUNCTION: Performs online duties for communication session
               on error
5
      * Use relay's compressed protocol (type RC)
               set protocol relay compress
      * Switch to split screen mode
               switch relay
10
      * If Relay's Protocol not established in 60 seconds, assume bad
      line quality
      * or problems with modems and return code of 98
              wait 60 (&CSERIAL <> "")
              if timeout then define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFXFER":then
15
      hangup 98
      * Use hardware flow control
             wait 1
              wait (&sesactive = 1)
              substi session switch #&calc(&asyncnum + 1)
20
                                     ;* turn off insert mode
              set insmode off
             stack "[ESCAPE][F5][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB]|[TAB]H[enter]"
              wait 1
              reset &receive
                                      ;* in case any junk chars
25
              session switch #1
      * If inadvertent disconnection occurs before protocol established.
      then
      * provide return code of 98
              on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFXFER"; hangup 98
30
      * Update status var for session to signify online connection was
      made
              define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONXFER"
35
      * Make sure other PC is in synch with proper protocol and script
      control
      * character. (good security feature)
             &ATTEMPTS = 0
      -SECURITY
              send "$send 'TEST'"
                                              ;* send string
40
              wait 4 "TEST"
                                                   ;* wait for positive
      confirmation
              if not timeout then goto STARTSD ;* if received positive
      confirmation
              &ATTEMPTS = &ATTEMPTS + 1
                                                  ;* increment attempts
45
      counter
      * Max attempts ?
              if (&ATTEMPTS > 4) then define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM =
      "OFFXFER"; then hangup 98
```

50

else goto SECURITY

-STARTSD

* If MAP.DAT exists for sub-file reconstruction, then send it &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT if exists then sendf &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT

then wait until sending then send "\$recvf MAP.DAT NOBACKUP"

then wait while sending

-SENDAG

* If inadvertent line drop before xfer is complete, then tell offline script

* to try again

on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFXFER"; hangup 99

15

30

35

4n

· 45

5

10

reset &STIME * Attempt to send file

wait 0.5

- * If no sub-files, then send file from outgoing directory &XYZ = &IND&ASYNCNUM if (&.SPL1&XYZ &SPL1&XYZ) then sendfile **&OUTDIR. &XFILE&ASYNCHUM**
- * For sub-files, send file from outgoing\TEMP directory 25 else sendfile &OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCNUM wait until sending send "\$recvf &XFILE&ASYNCNUM NOBACKUP" &BEGIN = &TIMETH
 - * Wait until entire file has been transferred wait while sending &END = &TIMETH
 - * Update status var for record associated with file that just got transferred
 - * successfully. (&IND&ASYNCNUM provides index to array &STAT for proper
 - * record to update)
 - * If no sub-files for master file, then update status var if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then define &STAT&IND&ASYNCNUM
 - * otherwise for sub-files, update status var else &HSEQ = &substr(&fext(&XFILE&ASYNCNUM),1,1) else &HSEQ = &HSEQ.&IND&ASYNCNUM else substi define &.SPL&HSEQ = "&XFILE&ASYNCNUM,S"
 - * Also, store xfer time, byte size of file, time transfer completed and com
 - * port used

50

* Develop xfer time in format TOTAL SECONDS.HUNDRETHS OF SECONDS &HBEG = &seconds(&substr(&BEGIN,1,8)) *100 &HEND = &seconds(&substr(&END,1,8))*100 5 &THBEG = &substr(&BEGIN, 10, 2) &THEND = &substr(&END, 10,2) &HBEG = &HBEG+&THBEG &HEND = &HEND+&THEND &DIF = &HEND-&HBEG if (&length(&DIF) <= 2) then &DIF = ".&right(&DIF,2,0)" 10 e l s e & D I F "&substr(&DIF, 1, &calc(&length(&DIF)-2)).&substr(&DIF, &calc(&lengt)) h(&DIF)-1))" * If no sub-files, update status info if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then substi define &.FTIME&XYZ 15 = "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.&XFILE&ASYNCNUM)-&time-&COMPORT" * Otherwise for sub-files, update status info else substi define & . FTM&HSEQ "&DIF~&fsize(&OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCNUM)~&time~&COMPORT" 20 * Tell driving session file has been transferred and line is idle define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONLINE" * If inadvertent line drop occurs while we are waiting for an instruction 25 * then update status var that we are hanging up on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "HANGUP":hangup 0 * Wait for driving session to either request another xfer for this 30 physician or * to hangup (no more files pending for this physician) -WAITAG * if debug on wait 1 second so trace doesn't get large if (&DEBUG = Y) then wait 1 35 substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONLINE") then goto WAITAG * If another file to send to same physician, then start xfer substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONXFER") then goto SENDAG 40 * Disable line drop monitor on disconnect * Tell remote PC to hangup with a return code of 66 (normal termination) - 45 send "\$HANGUP 66" wait until idle * Update status flag 50

define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "HANGUP"

* Otherwise, hangup with OK return code hangup 0

^Z

```
* SCRIPT: SESSON.SCR
      * FUNCTION: Performs online duties for communication session
               on error
5
      * Use relay's compressed protocol (type RC)
               set protocol relay compress
      * Switch to split screen mode
               switch relay
10
      * If Relay's Protocol not established in 60 seconds, assume bad
      line quality
      * or problems with modems and return code of 98
              wait 60 (&CSERIAL <> **)
15
              if timeout then define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFXFER"; then
      hangup 98
      * Use hardware flow control
              wait 1
              wait (&sesactive = 1)
substi session switch #&calc(&asyncnum + 1)
20
              set insmode off
                                       ;* turn off insert mode
             stack "[ESCAPE][F5][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB]H[enter]"
              wait 1
              reset &receive
                                       ;* in case any junk chars
25
              session switch #1
      * If inadvertent disconnection occurs before protocol established,
      then
      * provide return code of 98
              on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFXFER"; hangup 98
30
      * Update status var for session to signify online connection was
     made
              define &HSTAT&ASYNCHUM = "ONXFER"
35
      * Make sure other PC is in synch with proper protocol and script
      control
      * character. (good security feature)
              &ATTEMPTS = 0
      -SECURITY
              send "$send 'TEST'"
                                               ;* send string
40
              wait 4 "TEST"
                                                    ;* wait for positive
      confirmation
              if not timeout then goto STARTSD ;* if received positive
      confirmation
              &ATTEMPTS = &ATTEMPTS + 1
                                                  ;* increment attempts
     counter
45
      * Max attempts ?
              if (&ATTEMPTS >
                                  4)
                                       then define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM =
      "OFFXFER"; then hangup 98
```

55

else goto SECURITY

```
-STARTSD
       * If MAP.DAT exists for sub-file reconstruction, then send it
                i f
                                 &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT
                      exists
                                                           then
       &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT
               then wait until sending
               then send "$recvf MAP.DAT NOBACKUP"
               then wait while sending
10
       -SENDAG
       * If inadvertent line drop before xfer is complete, then tell
       offline script
       * to try again
               on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFXFER"; hangup 99
15
               reset &STIME
       * Attempt to send file
               wait 0.5
       * If no sub-files, then send file from outgoing directory
               &XYZ = &IND&ASYNCNUM
               if
                      (&.SPL1&XYZ
                                          &SPL1&XYZ)
                                                         then
                                                                 sendfile
       &OUTDIR. &XFILE&ASYNCNUM
       * For sub-files, send file from outgoing\TEMP directory
25
               else sendfile &OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCNUM
               wait until sending
               send "$recvf &XFILE&ASYNCNUM NOBACKUP"
               &BEGIN = &TIMETH
       * Wait until entire file has been transferred
30
               wait while sending
               &END = &TIMETH
       * Update status var for record associated with file that just got
       transferred
       * successfully. (&IND&ASYNCNUM provides index to array &STAT for
35
       proper
       * record to update)
       * If no sub-files for master file, then update status var
               if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then define &STAT&IND&ASYNCNUM
40
       * otherwise for sub-files, update status var
               else &HSEQ = &substr(&fext(&XFILE&ASYNCNUM),1,1)
               else &HSEQ = &HSEQ.&IND&ASYNCNUM
               else substi define &.SPL&HSEQ = "&XFILE&ASYNCNUM,S"
45
       * Also, store xfer time, byte size of file, time transfer completed
       and com
       * port used
```

50

* Develop xfer time in format TOTAL SECONDS.HUNDRETHS OF SECONDS &HBEG = &seconds(&substr(&BEGIN,1,8)) *100 &HEND = &seconds(&substr(&END,1,8))*100 &THBEG = &substr(&BEGIN,10,2) 5 &THEND = &substr(&END, 10, 2) &HBEG = &HBEG+&THBEG &HEND = &HEND+&THEND &DIF = &HEND-&HBEG 10 "&substr(&DIF,1,&calc(&length(&DIF)-2)).&substr(&DIF,&calc(&lengt h(&DIF)-1))" * If no sub-files, update status info if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then substi define &.FTIME&XYZ = "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.&XFILE&ASYNCNUM)-&time-&COMPORT" * Otherwise for sub-files, update status info substi define else & . FTM&HSEQ "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCNUM)~&time~&COMPORT" 20 * Tell driving session file has been transferred and line is idle define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONLINE" * If inadvertent line drop occurs while we are waiting for an 25 instruction * then update status var that we are hanging up on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "HANGUP";hangup 0 30 * Wait for driving session to either request another xfer for this physician or * to hangup (no more files pending for this physician) -WAITAG * if debug on wait 1 second so trace doesn't get large 35 if (&DEBUG = Y) then wait 1 substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONLINE") then goto WAITAG * If another file to send to same physician, then start xfer substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONXFER") then goto SENDAG 40 * Disable line drop monitor on disconnect Tell remote PC to hangup with a return code of 66 (normal 45 termination) send "\$HANGUP 66" wait until idle * Update status flag 50

define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "HANGUP"

* Otherwise, hangup with OK return code hangup 0

^Z

	* STARTSES.SCR
	* FUNCTION: Invokes relay sessions
5	* Allow script to perform error processing on error on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y
10	* If RAM exceeded, then provide error message on nomemory smsg "qout of MEMORY SESSION";STRACE OFF
	* Specifies the session name suffix (ASYNC1) etc. &ASYNCNUM = 1
15	* Iterate # of sessions specified loop ASYNC while (&ASYNCNUM <= &NUMPORTS)
	* Call subroutine to invoke a new async session gosub DOASYNC
20	* Increment for next async session &ASYNCNUM = &ASYNCNUM + 1 -ASYNC
	<pre>* Terminate script (normal termination) quiet stop 0</pre>
25	* This subroutine invokes an async session -DOASYNC
30	* Invoke a new async session and execute script SESSOFF.SCR. * Assign a session name with ASYNC&ASYNCNUM format where &ASYNCNUM is the * current session being invoked.
	session start SESSOFF/X:"&ASYNCNUM"/SD:"&APPLDR"/NAME:"ASYNC&ASYNCNUM"/SL:4
35	* Wait 20 seconds for the session to be established wait 20 (&sescount = &calc(&ASYNCNUM + 1))
	* If session was not established successfully, then jump to error routine. if timeout then goto NG
40	* Provide check to make sure session was completely established before proceeding. &XCNT = 1
45	<pre>loop -CANWAIT1 * session status #2 &NX &STX if (&rc = 0) then goto CANSTOP1 wait 1;&XCNT = &XCNT + 1</pre>
	if (&XCNT > 45) then goto NG -CANWAIT1
	+ Drawide error measure if acquien was not established

-NG

clear
open &APPLDR.LOG as \$1 for append
write file \$1 "&DATE &TIME Not able to bring up Session

#&ASYNCNUM."
read line &Q1 "qNot able to bring up Session #&ASYNCNUM.
Press ESCAPE."
quiet stop 1 ;* return error code
-CANSTOP1

* Return to caller
return
^Z

```
* SCRIPT: CONFIG.SCR
      * FUNCTION: Front-end interface to CONFIG.DAT
               on error
               clear
      * Get script application drive
               &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)
10
      * Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
               if (&substr(&APPLDR, &length(&APPLDR), 1) <> '\') then
      &APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"
               &MESSAGE = ""
               &PATHSPEC = ""
15
               &SPEEDCHK = "50, 75, 110, 135, 150, 300, 450, 600, 1200,
      1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400,"
               &PORTCHK = "COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6, COM7, COM8,
     HOSTS, IBMSHARE, NONE, IRMA, IBM, FORTE, IBMLDFT, IBMSDFT, SPECIAL, NPCSHARE, NACSHARE, USER1, USER2, COM3PC, COM4PC, GATEWAY,"

&MODCHK = "T, CD, 9, H, S, HV, PC, AX, QX, MT, C, P, V, W, X, R, B, BI, E, US, O, I, M, A, D, HC,"
20
      * If configuration file exists, then continue
               if exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then goto CONT1
25
      * Otherwise, init all vars in panel to blanks
               gosub INITBL 1
               goto CONT3
      -CONT1
      * Open configuration file
30
               open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
               &hrc = &RC
               if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file.
      &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
               then stop
35
      * loop to read all records
               \&RECCNT = 0
               &ELEM = 1
               loop READREC *
                 read file #1 &RECSTR
                                                     ;* read a record
                 if not found then goto CONT2 ;* if EOF then jump out
40
                  &RECCNT = &RECCNT + 1 ;* increment record counter
      * If 1st record being processed, then assign to path-specification if (&RECCNT = 1) then &PATHSPEC = &trim(&RECSTR)
45
                 then goto READREC
                  argstring &RECSTR
                                           ;* break-out tokens
                 parse "~" ...
                                            ;* use tilde as delimeter
```

55

```
* Check for illegal # of tokens
                  if (&N <> 6) then read line &Q1 "qIllegal # of tokens in
        record &ELEM - Record ignored. Press ENTER."
5
                                                                 h
        &ENT&ELEM=""; &NUM&ELEM=""; &SPEED&ELEM=""; &PTYPE&ELEM=""; &MTYPE&EL
        EM=""; &NAME&ELEM=""
        * Otherwise, assign token from record to panel vars
                  else &ENT&ELEM=&trim(&1)
10
                  else &NUM&ELEM=&trim(&2)
                  else &SPEED&ELEM=&trim(&3)
                  else &PTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&4)
                  else &MTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&5)
                  else &NAME&ELEM=&trim(&6)
                  &ELEM = &ELEM + 1
15
        -READREC
        -CONT2
        * Clear all remaining panel vars
                gosub INITBL &ELEM
                close #1
20
        -CONT3
                display panel CONFIG
        -CONT4
25
                display input &RESPONSE
                if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
        (&RESPONSE <> F10)
then smsg "qInvalid response ..."
then goto CONT4
30
                if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then smsq "qModifications not saved
        ... Exiting to DOS."
                then wait 3
             - then stop
                if (&RESPONSE = F10) then gosub HELP1
35
                then goto CONT4
                gosub SAVEDATA
                &hrc = &RC
                if (&hrc = 1) then goto CONT4
40
        * Subroutine to init vars in panel
        -INITBL
                &PARM1 = &1
               &CNT = &1
45
                loop INITA while (&CNT <= 8)
        &ENT&CNT="";&NUM&CNT="";&SPEED&CNT="";&PTYPE&CNT="";&MTYPE&CNT=""
        : &NAME&CNT=""
                  &CNT = &CNT + 1
```

58

50

```
-INITA
              return
      * Subroutine to save panel data
      -SAVEDATA
      * Make sure receive path is valid
               &PATHSPEC = &trim(&PATHSPEC)
               if (&substr(&PATHSPEC, &length(&PATHSPEC), 1) <> '\') then
      &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC\*.*"
10
               else &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC*.*"
               if (&fvalid(&HSPEC) = YES) then goto CONT5
               smsq "qRECEIVE PATH invalid."
               display cursor 1
              return 1
15
      * Validate each entry
      -CONT5
               &CNT = 1
               loop VALIDATE 8
                 &ENT&CNT = &trim(&ENT&CNT)
20
      * If entry name is null, then get next record if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto INCR
      * Validate port #
                 &NUM&CNT = &trim(&NUM&CNT)
                 if (&NUM&CNT > 0) and (&NUM&CNT < 16) then goto CONT6 if (&NUM&CNT = "ANY") or (&NUM&CNT = "SHR") then goto
25
      CONT6
                 smsg "qInvalid PORT # for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
                 substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 3)
                 return 1
30
      -CONT6
      * Validate modem speed
                 &SPEED&CNT = &trim(&SPEED&CNT)
                 if (&instr("&SPEEDCHK", "&SPEED&CNT, ") > 0) then goto
      CONT7
35
                 smsg "qInvalid MODEM SPEED for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
                 substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 4)
                 return 1
      -CONT7
      * Validate Port Type
40
                 &PTYPE&CNT = &trim(&PTYPE&CNT)
                 if (&instr("&PORTCHK", "&PTYPE&CNT,") > 0) then goto CONT8
                 smsg "qInvalid PORT TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
                 substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 5)
                 return 1
45
      -CONT8
      * Validate Modem Type
                 &MTYPE&CNT = &trim(&MTYPE&CNT)
                 if (&instr("&MODCHK","&MTYPE&CNT,") > 0) then goto CONT9
50
```

smsg "qInvalid MODEM TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"

```
substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 6)
                  return 1
        -CONT9
5
        * Validate Modem Name/Class
                  &NAME&CNT = &trim(&NAME&CNT)
                  if ("&PTYPE&CNT" = "HOSTS") then goto CHECKHST
                  else goto INCR
        * Since PORT TYPE is HOSTS, make sure MODEM NAME/CLASS has 3 tokens
10
        separted by
        * a blank
        -CHECKHST
                  if (&NAME&CNT = "") then &FLAGNG = Y
15
                  else &PLAGNG = N
                  else argstring &NAME&CNT
                  else parse " " ...
                  if (&N <> 3) or (&FLAGNG = Y) then smsg "qInvalid format
       for MODEM NAME/CLASS for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
                  then substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 7)
20
                  then return 1
       -CONT10
       -INCR
25
                  &CNT = &CNT + 1
       -VALIDATE
       * All fields were valid. Write records to configuration file.
                open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for output
                &hrc = &RC
       if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
30
                then stop
                write file #1 "&PATHSPEC"
                \&CNT = 1
                loop WRITE1 8
35
       * If Entry Name is blank, then don't write this record
                  if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto NEXTREC
                                                       file
                                     write
       "&ENT&CNT~&NUM&CNT~&SPEED&CNT~&PTYPE&CNT~&MTYPE&CNT~&NAME&CNT"
        -NEXTREC
40
                  &CNT = &CNT + 1
       -WRITE1
                close #1
                smsg "qUpdate to configuration file complete..."
                wait 3
45 **
                stop
       * Help routine
       -HELPI
```

55

```
* Make sure user's cursor is on an input field
               if (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "T") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1)
      = "0") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "0")
               then smsg "qWhen selecting help, make sure cursor is on an
5
      input field."
               then return
               &FLD = &substr(&SFIELD,2)
                                                ;* get input field number
               display save
                                                ;* save video
      * Help for receive file
10
               if (&FLD = 1) then display panel CONFIGH1
               then goto USERINP
               if ((\&PLD \setminus 6) = 0) then \&PLD = 5
              else &FLD = &FLD \setminus 6 - 1
      * Help for entry name
15
               if (&PLD = "1") then display panel CONFIGH2
              then goto USERINP
      * Help for port number
               if (&FLD = "2") then display panel CONFIGH3
              then goto USERINP
20
      * Help for modem speed
               if (&FLD = "3") then display panel CONFIGH4
              then goto USERINP
25
      * Help for port type
              if (&FLD <> "4") then goto CONT11
      -CONT12
              display panel CONFIGH5
      -CONT13
30
              display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT13
              display panel CONFIGH6
      -CONT14
              display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT14
              goto CONT12
40
      * Help for modem type
      -CONT11
              if (&FLD <> "5") then goto CONT15
      -CONT16
              display panel CONFIGH7
45
      -CONT17
              display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
```

55

if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT17 display panel CONFIGH8

-CONT18

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
then return
if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT18
goto CONT16

-CONT15

* Help for modem name or class if (&FLD <> *0*) then goto USERINP

-CONT19

display panel CONFIGH9

-CONT20

display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
then return
if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT20
display panel CONFIGHA

-CONT21

display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
then return
if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT21
goto CONT19

* Wait until user presses escape -USERINP

display input &RESPONSE if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP else display restore else return

62

50

45

	* Script: REM1.SCR
	* * Function: Main driving script for Remote PC
5	* Globalize vars on error
10	* Debug on ? if (&1 = "DEBUG") then define &DEBUG = "Y" then strace newlog else define &DEBUG = "N"
15 (* Provide mechnism to allow user to abort via function key F10 global &GETOUT = N ON ATTNKEY F10 &GETOUT = Y
20	clear smsg "qInitialization in progress one moment please." global &APPLDR ;* application drive global &NUMPORTS ;* # of avail. ports on PC
	* Get script application drive &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)
25	* Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash if (&substr(&APPLDR,&length(&APPLDR),1) <> '\') then &APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"
	* Read configuration file into RAM vars ex REM2
30	* Check if user pressed F10 to abort if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
	* Start multiple sessions ex REM3 &HRC = &retcode
35	* If any failures on sessions, then stop script and exit relay if (&HRC = 1) then quiet stop all smsg "qSession start successful"
40	* Erase all files in inbound directory with spec. FILE*.* and MAP.DAT
	quiet erase &INDIR.FILE*.* quiet erase &INDIR.MAP.DAT
45	* Wait for central PC to call and transfer all files &CNT = 1 loop INFIN *
	* Check if user pressed P10 to abort if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

* Check if any ports have received confirmation from the central * all pending files have been transferred or are in the progress of being * transferred 5 &CHANGE = N loop CHECKST &NUMPORTS * If debug on, wait 2 seconds so trace doesn't get large if (&DEBUG = "Y") then wait 2 10 * Check if user pressed F10 to abort if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2 if (&HSTAT&CNT <> &OLD&CNT) then &OLD&CNT = &HSTAT&CNT then &CHANGE = Y 15 if (&HSTAT&CNT = "DONE") then gosub SHOWDISP then goto CHECKAG &CNT = &CNT + 1-CHECKST if (&CHANGE = Y) then gosub SHOWDISP 20 -INFIN * Wait until all online activity has ended -CHECKAG &CNT = 125 loop INFIN2 * 100p CHECKST2 &NUMPORTS * If debug on, wait 2 seconds so trace doesn't get large if (&DEBUG = "Y") then wait 2 30 * Check if user pressed F10 to abort if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2 * If any online activity detected, then continue checking activity if (&HSTAT&CNT = "ONLINE") then &CNT = 1 35 then goto -INFIN2 &CNT = &CNT + 1 -CHECKST2 goto CONT5 -INFIN2 **4**0 -CONT5 * Check if we already waited an additional 70 seconds to make sure 45 · * online activity was done if (&DONEFLAG = Y) then goto ALLDONE * Set flag 50

&DONEFLAG = Y * Wait 70 seconds in case a line drop occurred and a re-dial was in progress 5 wait 70 goto CHECKAG -ALLDONE 10 clear m smsg "q " smsg "q Online file transfer's complete" smsg "q " 15 smsg "q " smsg "q " smsq "q " 20 * Join sub-files into master files (if necessary) gosub JOIN -ALLDONE2 * If old online profile existed before application ran, then restore old profile 25 * Otherwise erase online profile from relay's directory if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP then erase &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD else &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP 30 * Cancel all sessions * init 1st session # to kill &KILLNUM = 235 * Loop session #2 to last session loop KILLSESS while (&KILLNUM <= &calc(&NUMPORTS + 1)) * Request to kill session gosub cancel &KILLNUM &HRC = &retcode 40 &KILLNUM = &KILLNUM + 1 -KILLSESS smsg "qApplication stopped ... Relay Gold has exited memory." 45 quiet stop all ;* thats it folks !! -CANCEL quiet session stop &1 if (&RC>0) return &RC smsg "q "

55

```
smsg "QCancelling session #&1. Please Stand by."
               global &CANCEL
               &CANCEL = "NO"
               on timer 5 &CANCEL = "YES"
5
               loop -canwait while (&CANCEL="NO")
                    quiet session status &1
      -CANWAIT
                    if (&RC>0) goto -CANSTOP
      -CANSTOP on timer
10
               return 0
      -SHOWDISP
              clear
              &x = 1
              smsg "q "
                                                   Communication Status
15
                                                                     g
              loop CHECKST &NUMPORTS
                smsg "qSESSION #&X: &HSTAT&X"
20
                \delta X = \delta X + 1
      -CHECKST
      *G*------
25
              return
      * Subroutine to join multiple files into one file
30
      -JOIN
      * Load MAP. DAT into RAM
              if not exists &INDIR.MAP.DAT then return
35
              smsg "qJoining sub-files into master files ... One moment
      please."
              open &INDIR.MAP.DAT as #1 for input
              &HRC = &rc
              if (&HRC <> 0) then smsg "qCould not open MAP.DAT ... Join
      aborted."
40
              then goto DONEJOIN
              \delta CNT = 1
              loop READIN *
                read file #1 &RECSTR
                if not found then goto DONEMAP
                &MAP&CNT = &RECSTR
45
                \&CNT = \&CNT + 1
      -READIN
      -DONEMAP
              \&TOTMAP = \&CNT - 1
```

close #1

```
* Take snapshot of all temp files
             dosdir &INDIR.FILE*.* &ENTRYCT &FN &FEXT
             if (&ENTRYCT = 0) then smsg "qTemp files not found ... Join
5
     aborted."
             then goto DONEJOIN
     * Sort array by filenames
             sortarray &FN &ENTRYCT ORDER &FEXT
             \&CNT = 1
10
     * loop for # of temp files
             loop JOIN1 while (&CNT <= &ENTRYCT)
     * Make sure all temp files are found to construct original file
15
                &PTR = &CNT
                                                       ;* save pointer of
     1st record
                &OLDFN = &FN&CNT
                                                        :* store filename
                &TEMPCNT = 1
                                                        ;* init # of TEMP
     files found
               &MAXTEMP = &substr(&FEXT&CNT,2,1)
                                                        ;* get total # of
20
     temp files
               loop COUNTEMP *
                  &CNT = &CNT + 1
     * If temp filename hasn't changed, then increment temp file counter if (&OLDFN = &FN&CNT) then &TEMPCNT = &TEMPCNT + 1
25
     * If temp file counter matches the correct # of temp files for this
     original
     * file
                  if (&TEMPCNT = &MAXTEMP) then goto JOIN2
30
     * If filenames changed, then we didn't receive all temp files
     (don't join)
                  if (&OLDFN <> &FN&CNT) then goto JOIN1
     -COUNTEMP
35
     -JOIN2
     * Join files
     * Get original filename
               &xT = 1
               loop FINDORIG &TOTMAP
4Ω
     (&instr(&substr(&MAP&XT,&calc(&instr(&MAP&XT,",")+1)),&OLDFN)>0)
     then goto GOTMATCH
                 &XT = &XT + 1
     -FINDORIG
     -GOTMATCH
45
     * Assign original filename
                                           N
                                               E W
                                                      N
     &substr(&MAP&XT,1,&calc(&instr(&MAP&XT,",")-1))
```

50

* Open destination file open &INDIR.&NEWNAME as #1 for output stream binary &HRC = &rc if (%HRC <> 0) then smsg "qCould not open file %INDIR. &NEWNAME. Join aborted." 5 then goto JOIN1 * Write temp files to destination file &OCNT = &PTR loop WRITEOUT &MAXTEMP . open &INDIR.&FN&OCNT...&FEXT&OCNT as #2 for input 10 stream binary &HRC = &rc if (&HRC <> 0) then smsg "qCould not open file &INDIR.&FN&OCNT...&FEXT&OCNT. Join aborted." then smsg "qFile &INDIR. &NEWNAME could not be joined." 15 then goto JOIN1 loop WRITE2 * read file #2 &RECSTR length 256 if not found then goto DONE3 write file #1 &RECSTR 20 -WRITE2 -DONE3 close #2 &OCNT = &OCNT + 1-WRITEOUT close #1 25 -JOIN1 -DONEJOIN * Erase any sub-files and mapping file quiet erase &INDIR.FILE*.* quiet erase &INDIR.MAP.DAT 30 return

35

40

45

50

55

* SCRIPT: REM2.SCR * FUNCTION: Read configuration and telephone files into RAM vars 5 on error on attnkey P10 &GETOUT = Y * Read configuration file if not exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then clear then smsg "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT does not 10 Application cannot continue." then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER." then quiet stop all * Load records in configuration file into vars 15 &NUMPORTS = 0;* init # of valid ports open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input if (&retcode <> 0) then clear then smsg "qProblem opening file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Application cannot continue." 20 then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER." then quiet stop all * Read 1st record (incoming directory) read file #1 &XINDIR 25 if not found then clear then smsg "q1st record in file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT must be incoming directory name."
then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press ENTER." then quiet stop all 30 &XINDIR = &trim(&XINDIR) if (&substr(&XINDIR,&length(&XINDIR),1) <> '\') then &XINDIR = "&XINDIR\" * Make sure incoming directory exists quiet mkdir &XINDIR substitute define &.INDIR = &XINDIR * Loop until end of file loop READREC * read file #1 &RECSTR ;* read a record if not found then goto CONT1 ;* EOF ? 40 argstring &RECSTR ;* breakout tokens parse "~" ... ;* parse using the tilde 45 * Make sure we have 6 parameters if (&N <> 6) then clear then smsg "qInvalid # of parameters line in #&calc(&NUMPORTS +1) of file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT."

55

	then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press ENTER."
5	then quiet stop all
	* Increment port counter &NUMPORTS = &NUMPORTS + 1
10	* Assign entry name substitute define &.EN&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&1))"
	* Assign port # global &PORT&NUMPORTS &PORT&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&2)"
15	* Assign modem speed global &SPEED&NUMPORTS &SPEED&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&3))"
20	* Assign port type global &PTYPE&NUMPORTS &PTYPE&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&4))"
-	* Assign modem type global &MODEM&NUMPORTS &MODEM&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&5))"
25	* Assign modem name/class global &MNAME&NUMPORTS &MNAME&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&6))"
30	* Make sure relay's setting match configuration file quiet directory query &EN&NUMPORTS MSPEED &HSPEED TYPE &HTYPE COMPORT &HPORT &HRC = &retcode
35	* If entry name does not exist, then build it with appropriate options if (&HRC = 2) then gosub BUILDENT then goto CONT4
	* Make sure modem speed, comm port and type of connection are correct in Relay's * Directory of Computers
40	if (&HSPEED <> &SPEED&NUMPORTS) or (&HPORT <> &PORT&NUMPORTS) or (&HTYPE <> "RELAY") then quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE RELAY COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS
	-CONT4
45	* Make sure port type, modem type and modem name/class are correct in Relay's * personal computer options
	reset &HTYPE reset &HMODEM reset &HNAME quiet directory qoption comport &PORT&NUMPORTS &HTYPE
50	EHMODEM EHNAME

	if ("&HTYPE" <> "&PTYPE&NUMPORTS") or ("&HMODEM" <> "&MODEM&NUMPORTS") or ("&HNAME"<> "&MNAME&NUMPORTS") then quiet directory soption comport &PORT&NUMPORTS &PTYPE&NUMPORTS &MODEM&NUMPORTS "&MNAME&NUMPORTS"
5	-READREC -CONT1 close #1
10	* Make sure remote PC has at least 1 com port if (&NUMPORTS < 1) then clear then smsg "qThere must be at least 1 com port for application to run. Check file" then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Press ENTER."
15	then quiet stop all * Get directory relay gold is running in global &RUNREL &RUNREL = &RDRIVE if (&substr(&RUNREL,&length(&RUNREL),1) <> '\') then
20	&RUNREL = "&RUNREL\" * Copy application online profile to relay's directory
	if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD then copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP else copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
25	* Return control to calling script (normal termination) quiet stop
30	* Subroutine to build an entry in the directory of computers -BUILDENT
	* Build entry name using entry name 'A PC' as the model quiet directory add "&EN&NUMPORTS" "A PC" &HRC = &retcode
35	* Entry name 'A PC' not found ? if (&HRC = 2) then clear then smsg "qEntry Name 'A PC' must be created on your copy of Relay Gold. To create"
40	then smsg "qa new Entry Name, enter the Directory of Computers and copy an entry of" then read line &Q1 "qTYPE 'PC'. Then, name the new Entry Name 'A PC'. Press ENTER." then quiet stop all
45	* No room on disk ? if (&HRC = 3) then clear then read line &Q1 "qNo room on disk to create new entry name. Press ENTER." then quiet stop all
50	
55	* Update new entry name with proper modem speed, type, comments quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEE &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE RELAY COMMENTS "PORT &ANUMPORTS FOR SCRIPT COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS TELEPHONE "" return
	^7.

```
* REM3.SCR
    * FUNCTION: Invokes relay sessions
    * Allow script to perform error processing
            on error
            on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y
    * If RAM exceeded, then provide error message
            on nomemory smsg "qOUT OF MEMORY SESSION"; STRACE OFF
10
    * Specifies the session name suffix (ASYNC1) etc.
            \&ASYNCNUM = 1
    * Iterate # of sessions specified
            loop ASYNC while (&ASYNCNUM <= &NUMPORTS)
15
    * Call subroutine to invoke a new async session
              gosub DOASYNC
    * Init session status
20
              define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "OFFLINE"
    * Increment for next async session
              &ASYNCNUM = &ASYNCNUM + 1
    -ASYNC
    * Terminate script (normal termination)
25
            quiet stop 0
    * This subroutine invokes an async session
    -DOASYNC
    * Invoke a new async session and execute script REM4.SCR.
30
    * Assign a session name with ASYNC&ASYNCNUM format where &ASYNCNUM
    is the
   . * current session being invoked.
                             session
                                                        start
    REM4/X: "&ASYNCNUM"/SD: "&APPLDR"/NAME: "ASYNC&ASYNCNUM"/SL: 4
    * Wait 20 seconds for the session to be established
            wait 20 (&sescount = &calc(&ASYNCNUM + 1))
    * If session was not established successfully, then jump to error
    routine.
            if timeout then goto NG
    * Provide check to make sure session was completely established
    before proceeding.
            &XCNT = 1
45
            loop -CANWAIT1 *
              session status #2 &NX &STX
              if (&rc = 0) then goto CANSTOP1
              wait 1; &XCNT = &XCNT + 1
              if (&XCNT > 45) then goto NG
```

55

-CANWAIT1 * Provide error message if session was not established. -NG 5 open &APPLDR.LOG as #1 for append write file #1 "&DATE &TIME Not able to bring up Session #&ASYNCNUM." read line &Q1 "qNot able to bring up Session #&ASYNCNUM. 10 Press ESCAPE." quiet stop 1 ;* return error code -CANSTOP1 * Return to caller return 15 20

25

30

50

35

. 40

45 ...

55

	* SCRIPT: REM4.SCR
	* FUNCTION: Places PC in answer mode, performs recoveries etc. for each session
5	on the remote pc
	* if debug is on, then invoke trace if (&DEBUG = Y) then strace LOG&SESSIONID on error
10	on nomemory smsg "qOut of memory session # &SESSIONID
	global &ASYNCNUM
	* Assign communications session number &ASYNCNUM = &1
15	* Retrieve communication port # for this session directory query &EN&ASYNCNUM comport &HPORT
	* Retrieve modem type for this session directory qoption comport &HPORT &DUMMY1 &MODEMNAM
20	* If modem type is QX (Microcom), then set special modem variable to
	* submit 'AT' instruction to modem if (&upper(&MODEMNAM) = QX) then global &\$MICMD
	then &\$MICMD = "\N3\Q3\J0\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot
25	* For super duper QX/4232hs (latest & greatest) then &\$MICMD = "%CO%G1%BT12000"
	* Place session in answer modeWAITANS
30	answer "&EN&ASYNCNUM" ex REM5 &HRC = &retcode
	* Error messages based on return code
35	* If line dropped before xfer completed, then send file again if (&HRC = 99) then &MESSG = "Inadvertent line drop before
33	file transfer was completed." else if (%HRC = 66) then &MESSG = "Normal disconnect from
	else if (&HRC = 2) then &MESSG = "Insufficient memory for
	the connection.
40	else if (&HRC = 3) then &MESSG = "Communication port is not operational."
	else if (&HRC = 4) then &MESSG = "User pressed ESC cancelling the wait."
	else if (&HRC = 5) then &MESSG = "The modem is not responding properly."
45	else if (%HRC = 6) then &MESSG = "No carrier detected on line."
	else if (&HRC = 8) then &MESSG = "Voice detected on telephone line."

5	else if (&HRC = 15) then &MESSG = "Entry Name '&EN&ASYNCNUM' not in the Directory of Computers." else if (&HRC = 98) then &MESSG = "Problem with initial connection." smsg "q&MESSG"
	* Check for fatal codes if (&HRC = 2) or (&HRC = 3) or (&HRC = 4) or (&HRC = 15)
10	then &MESSG = "Fatal error for Entry Name &EN&ASYNCNUM - port unusable." then smsg "q&MESSG" then smsg "qSession idle" then quiet stop all
15	* Check if no more files to be received from central PC if (&HRC = 66) then define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "DONE" then smsg "qSession idle" then quiet stop all
20	* Place session back into answer mode goto WAITANS ^Z
25	
30	
	**.

```
* SCRIPT: REM5.SCR
      * FUNCTION: Performs online duties for communication session
              on error
5
       Use relay's compressed protocol (type RC)
               set protocol relay compress
       Switch to split screen mode
                switch relay
10
     * If relay's protocol not established in 60 seconds, then hangup
              wait 60 (&CSERIAL <> "")
              if timeout then hangup 98
15
       Use hardware flow control
              wait 1
              substi session switch #&calc(&asyncnum + 1)
                                      ;* turn off insert mode
              set insmode off
             stack "[ESCAPE][F5][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB]H[enter]"
20
              wait 1
              reset &receive
                                      ;* in case any junk chars
              session switch #1
     * If inadvertent line drop occurs, then tell offline script to
25
     place in
     * answer mode
              on disconnect hangup 99
     * If line goes idle for more than 1 minute, then hangup
              on idle 100 hangup 99
30
     * Set inbound path
              set rdrive &INDIR
     * Set session status
35
             define &HSTAT&ASYNCNUM = "ONLINE"
     * Set the script control character to hex 24 (char-> $)
             set scriptctl x"24"
              quiet stop
     ^Z
40
```

Claims

50

- 45 1. What is claimed is a parallel rule-based data transmission process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) sensing the data file characteristics,
 - (b) assigning a unique file identifier to each data file wherein said file identifier uniquely names each file and serves to designate its destination,
 - (c) rule-based segmentation of the said data files which uses the data file characteristics and the available data transmission channels to allocate data files or data file segments over available data transmission channels.
 - (d) assigning segment identifiers to each file segment created by the rule-based segmentation step,
 - (e) applying a data compression algorithm to the data file or data file segments to be transmitted,
 - (f) simultaneous transmission of the data file or data file segments over multiple transmission channels.
 - (g) receipt of said transmitted data file or data file segments at a receiving computer,
 - (h) identifying the data compression scheme applied to the data file or data file segments,
 - (i) decompressing the data file or data file segments,

- (j) sensing the end of transmission (ETX) signal
- (k) rendering the receiving computer in an on-hook condition
- (I) reassembling the data file segments based upon the file segment identifiers,
- (m) storing the decompressed reassembled data files.

- 2. The parallel rule-based data transmission process of claim 1 wherein each data transmission channel comprises a transmission communication port, transmission modem, a transmission medium, receiving modem, and a receiving port.
- The parallel rule-based data transmission process of Claim 2 further comprising the steps of sensing 10 data transmission channel condition on a continuous basis during transmission to determine when the signal to noise ratio of any single transmission channel falls below a given threshold and reallocating those data files or data file segments on the said sensed malfunctioning channel to other properly operating data transmission channels.

15

A parallel rule-based data transmission process according to Claim 3 wherein said data transmission channels are selected from the group comprising serial data transmission and parallel data transmission.

A parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus comprising data transmission channel means over which data files or data file segments are transmitted, data processing means including logic means for applying rule-based software, data storage means to store data files for transmission, means for assigning a unique file identifier including file destination, random access memory means for storing file segmentation rules, file segmentation rules stored in said random-access-memory means and accessed by the logic means for performing file segmentation based upon data file characteristics and available 25 data transmission channel means, data compression means for compressing the data files or data file segments based upon the data file characteristics, data decompression means for decompressing the compressed data file or data file segments data storage means to store the decompressed data file and data file segments and data file reassembly means to reassemble the data file segments transmitted into a single data file.

30

The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 5 wherein said data transmission channel comprises a transmission communication port, transmission modem, receiving modem of and receiving port.

35

- The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 6 wherein said data storage means further includes a means for storing a plurality of unique destination identifiers and associated telephone numbers or network addresses.
- The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 7 wherein said unique file 40 identifier includes a file destination on a private data network.
 - The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 7 wherein said unique file identifier includes a file destination on a public switched network.

45

55

10. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 5 wherein said data transmission channel means comprises multiple data transmission channels over which data files or data file segments are transmitted simultaneously.

11. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 10 wherein said data processing means comprising logic means to permit multiple data transmission sessions to occur simultaneously without the need to load multiple copies of software in the said random-access-memory.

- 12. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 11 wherein the said rules further comprise rules for least cost routing to reduce transmission costs.
 - 13. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 11 further comprising emulation to permit data transmission from the group comprising PC to mainframe, mainframe to mainframe,

mainframe to PC, terminal to mainframe, terminal to PC, terminal to terminal communication.

- 14. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 11 further comprising read only memory for storing rules, logic control means, and data communication software instructions.
- 15. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 6 wherein said transmission and receiving ports are from the group comprising parallel computer ports and serial computer ports.
- 16. A rule-based parallel data transmission system comprising a plurality of data transmission channels, file segmentation rules which govern the segmentation of files based upon the availability of data transmission channels.
 - 17. A parallel rule-based data transmission system of Claim 16 further comprising data compression means for compressing data transmitted over the said data transmission channels and further comprising data decompression means to decompress incoming data upon receipt at a destination.

15

20

25

35

45

50

55

- 18. A parallel rule-based data transmission system of Claim 17 further comprising line monitoring means for monitoring the signal to noise ratio of the data transmission channels and further comprising rules for reallocation of data files or data file segments files to properly operating data transmission channels when the signal to noise ratio monitored on any given data transmission channel falls below certain thresholds.
- 19. A parallel rule-based data transmission system of Claim 18 further comprising means of sensing the presence of binary or ASCII files and applying one compression algorithm when binary files are sensed and a different compression algorithm when ASCII files are sensed.
- 20. A parallel rule-based data transmission system according to Claim 1 or Claim 5 for use with the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) telecommunication standard.
- 21. A parallel rule-based data transmission system according to Claim 1 or Claim 5 wherein said segmentation rules dictate that files below a certain threshold are not segmented.

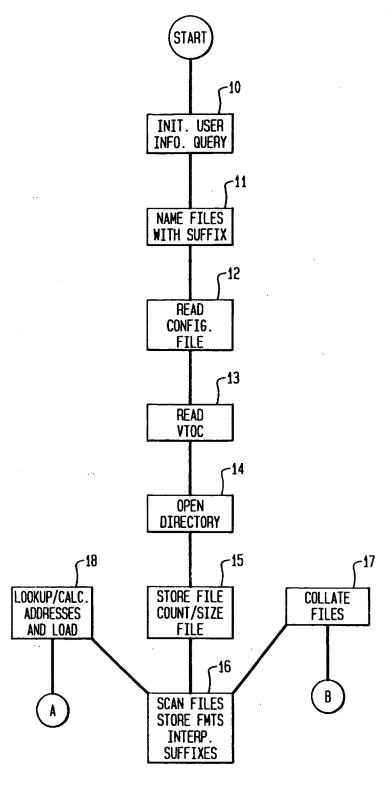
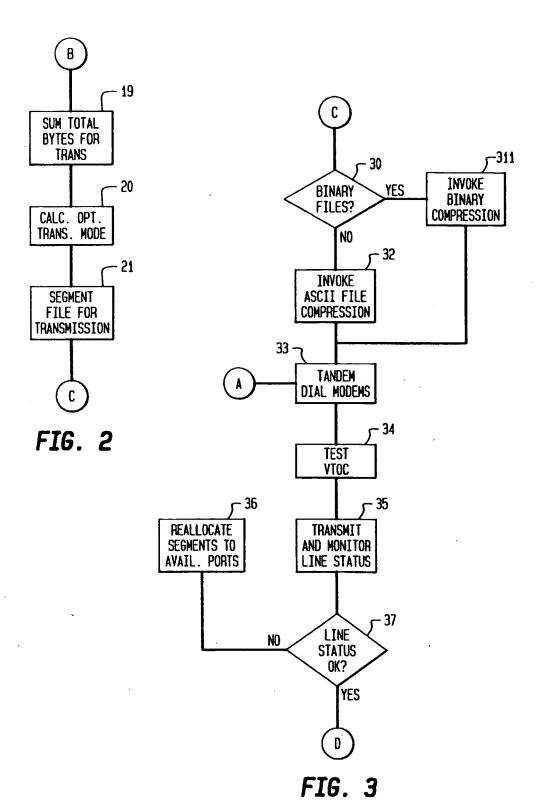
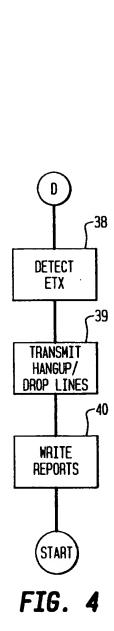


FIG. 1





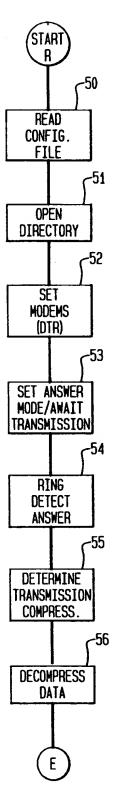


FIG. 5

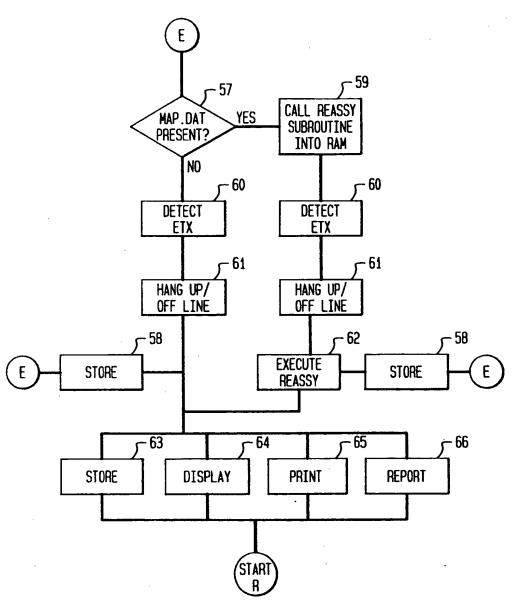


FIG. 6



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED			
Category	Citation of document with indication, wh of relevant passages	cre appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CL5)
^	EP-A-0 224 895 (ATT)		1,5,10, 16,17	H04L29/06
	* page 3, line 13 - page 4, line * abstract * * claims 1,2 *	.33 *	`	
^	TELECOMMUNICATIONS. vol. 25, no. 1, January 1991, Wapages 78 - 79; D.CURL: 'NEW MODEM COMMUNICATION' * page 78, right column, line 4	S PROTOCOLS!	1-3,5, 10,16-19	
^	EP-A-0 413 074 (IBM)		1,5,10, 16	
	* page 4, line 22 - line 56 * * claim 1 *			
^	GB-A-2 148 562 (MARCONI)		1,5,10. 16	
	* page 1, line 15 - line 38 * * page 6, line 56 - page 7, line	12 *		TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. CL5)
				HQ4L GQ6F
	·			
	The present search report has been drawn u	p for all claims	-	
	Place of search I	Pale of completion of the neutch		Stantan
•	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS	11 AUCUST 1992 T: theory or princi E: earlier patent &	ele underlying the scursest, but publi	
Y : part doc A : tect	icularly relevant if taken alone icularly relevant if combined with another ament of the same category anological background written disclosure	after the filing of the filing	in the application	